

ENGLAND PROMISES AID TO FRANCE IN CASE OF VERY GREAT NECESSITY

German Soldiers Still Threatening Frontiers

KAISER'S FORCES PREPARE TO INVADE BOTH FRANCE AND RUSSIA AT ONCE.

INVADE NEUTRAL ZONE

London, Aug. 3.—Violations of neutral territory by Germany during frontier raids by German, Russian and French troops, clashes between outposts, the bombardment of a Russian Baltic port by a German warship and the seizure of merchant ships by Russia and Germany, constituted the striking features today of the war on which practically the whole continent of Europe has started.

The position to be taken by the British empire remained still to be defined this morning, but it was feared that Germany's seizure of Belgium territory would be a deciding factor, which would lead Britain to take the sword in hand, as under the treaty of London of 1839 Great Britain stands pledged to maintain Belgium's neutrality.

Evidence are not lacking of the grave view of the situation taken in all classes in the United Kingdom. The leaders of the opposition parties were called into council by the cabinet. It was asserted in authoritative quarters that due warning had been given to Germany yesterday of the intention of the British navy to take instant action in case a German soldier should set foot on Belgium soil. In spite of this and the prompt refusal by the Belgian government to accept the agreement offered by Germany as the price of the violation of Belgium neutrality, German forces penetrated a little buffer state at two points of their way to the French frontier.

Germany's View.

The German point of view in regard to the situation thus brought about was explained at the German embassy as follows:

"The German general staff has been reliably informed that French troops are gathering in great numbers on the Belgian frontier, preparatory to crossing it."

"The German government, therefore, informed the Belgian government that if for strategic reasons, German troops were compelled to traverse Belgium territory, this move should not be considered in any way a warlike measure directed against Belgium, but only as a necessity imposed by French initiative, and that if Belgium offers no armed resistance to such a movement, Germany will guarantee the Belgian government the maintenance of its territorial integrity and sovereignty, and the fullest compensation for any inconvenience caused by the passage of the imperial troops."

The German embassy also stated that it was quite certain no question would arise in connection with German troops crossing the Dutch frontier or in any way interfering with that neutrality.

German troops invaded Russian Poland today and occupied the town of Kalisz.

The German army violated the neutrality of Belgium of which Great Britain is protector. German troops occupied the Belgian town of Arlon.

Belgium had previously refused to consider an ultimatum, offering a certain agreement with Germany in case Belgium agreed to facilitate the movements of the German army.

So grave is the situation regarded that a coalition of government of all parties probably will be formed in the British Isles, while it was generally expected that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener was to be appointed minister of war.

The Russian naval port of Libau on the Baltic was bombarded by a German cruiser, which was also engaged with a Russian cruiser.

The German fleet was reported sailing into the North Sea, where the British fleet is said to be concentrated.

The German ambassador had not yet left Paris today.

Fighting between Russian and German cavalry patrols on the frontier resulted in slight losses.

French officials are reported to have attempted to cross the Dutch frontier into Germany, but unsuccessfully.

French armies are said to have made daring flights over Germany.

German cavalry have been reported to have crossed the French frontier near Belfort.

Martial law was proclaimed through France, where the mobilization and the concentration of the various armies are being carried out satisfactorily.

The German authorities accuse the French of violating neutrality and of crossing the frontiers before the declaration of war.

Neutral Luxembourg is occupied by 100,000 German troops.

Italy Neutral.

Rome, Aug. 3.—Italy today formally proclaimed her neutrality in the European conflict.

Martial Law Proclaimed.

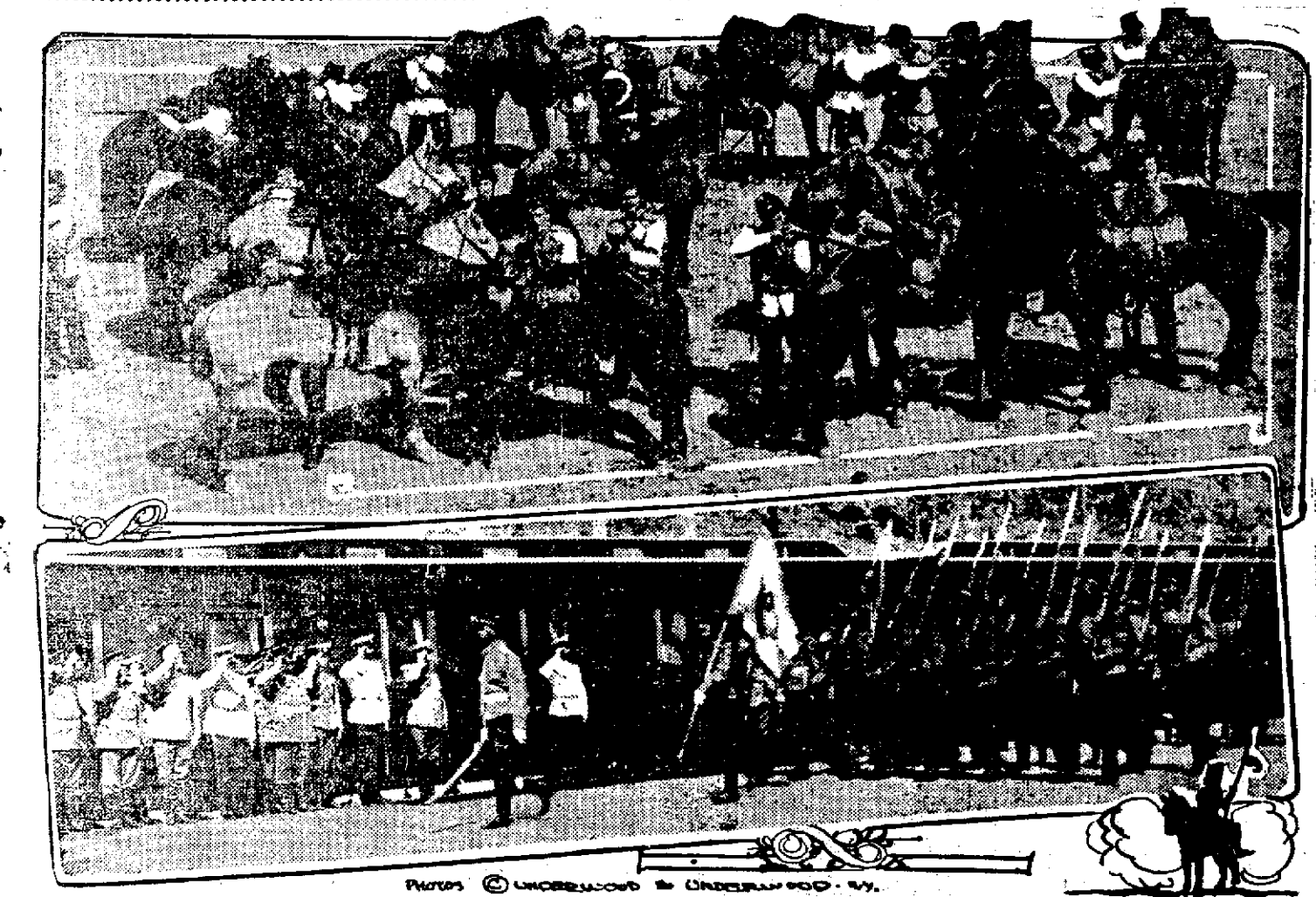
Antwerp, Aug. 3.—Martial law was proclaimed here today and all business was at once suspended.

Germans in Luxembourg.

Brussels, Aug. 3.—It is estimated that 100,000 German soldiers have occupied the territory of the Duchy of Luxembourg, and are massed along the French frontier.

Made No Offer.

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson told callers today the United States had not made any offer to use its good offices to bring about peace in Europe. He said he had not heard of a suggestion by the queen of Holland that the United States unite with her country to offer mediation.



Top, members of Sixth Cossack regiment forming hollow square, used in resisting attack; bottom, czar in center, wearing white blouse, saluting one of his regiments passing in review before entraining.

Russia is proceeding rapidly in the gathering of her troops in the west and southwest from the German frontier to the Black Sea. From points all over the empire troops are hourly entraining for the mobilization centers. While it is dangerous for Russia to withdraw too much of her army from Siberia, because of the possibility of Japan's mixing up in the war, some will be brought west, and all will be brought to the highest state of efficiency. The hardest fighters of the czar's army are the famous Cossacks, the "rough riders" of the Russian plains.

WARN FRENCH PRESS REGARDS WAR NEWS

CAUTION URGED TO PREVENT PUBLICATION OF NEWS WHICH WOULD AID ENEMY.

MILITARY CENSORSHIP

Violation of Order Requiring Government Supervision of Dispatches Will be Considered

Treasury

Paris, August 3.—An appeal to the press issued this morning asked the newspapers to use caution in publishing news about the war which might help the enemy. It recalls the imprudent revelation made in 1870 and the great aid afforded in this way to Germany at that time, and declares that any news published without the consent of the military authorities render the offender liable to a charge of treason.

Enlist Every Frenchman.

The fact that France intends to mobilize her forces to the last man is indicated by a bill to be introduced in parliament tomorrow, permitting men who have failed to present themselves for their term of compulsory military service to join the army now without liability to punishment.

Deputies from the French colonies issued an appeal today to colonial residents in Paris to offer their services to the government.

Some Americans here offered to fight for France, and the suggestion has been made that a corps of Americans should be organized here.

Excitement Intense.

The mobilization has not passed off without an occasional humorous incident. Today a captain who was carrying his equipment along on the street, stopped a horse cab and asked the driver to take him to the eastern railroad terminus. The cabman refused, whereupon a crowd of bystanders picked up the captain, placed him in the vehicle, pulled the driver from his seat and rolled him in the street, while a man from the crowd jumped up and drove the officer off to the station.

Russian - German

On the Russian Border.

Allenstein, East Prussia, Germany, Aug. 3.—The fighting on the Russian frontier was confined to small engagements between cavalry until six o'clock last evening, but an attack was then made by the Russian invaders on Johannsburg, which is occupied by a squadron of the Eleventh Prussian Dragoon.

The railroad from Johannsburg to Lyck, on the Russian frontier, has been cut, and also the light railroad running to Blottowen.

The losses of the Russian troops are believed to have numbered about twenty men, while the Germans have not lost any killed, although several were slightly wounded.

Germans Invade Russia.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—The invasion of Russia by the German troops began today when the first battalion of the 156th infantry with machine gun company occupied Kalisz, in Russian Poland.

Russian Empress Delayed.

London, Aug. 3.—Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna of Russia, sister of Queen Mother Alexandra, was stopped in Berlin on her way to St. Petersburg and given the choice of returning to England or going to Copenhagen.

Seize German Steamer.

Moscow, Russia, Aug. 3.—The Russian authorities here today seized the German steamer Atlas, and ordered the crew to disembark. They also sent vessels in pursuit of a German steamer which left the port yesterday.

Receives Passports.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—Sverbyev, the Russian ambassador, was handed his passports this morning.

French Satisfied.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The concentration of the French troops in strategic positions along the frontier and the operations of the military train service have been carried out to the complete satisfaction of the military authorities.

Brussels, Aug. 3.—All communication between Germany and Belgium was cut today.

Regarded as War.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The invasion of French territory by German troops is regarded in official circles here as making war between the two countries start automatically without a formal declaration.

CHICAGO BANKS WILL ISSUE CERTIFICATES

MAKE ARRANGEMENTS TODAY FOR ISSUING CLEARING HOUSE CHECKS.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM

As Soon as Surplus of Currency is Provided by Federal Government Certificates Will be Discontinued.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The Chicago clearing house committee met today to make arrangements for placing the banks of this city on a clearing certificate basis. Plans for issuing the certificates were to be finally agreed upon. The national currency association committee at Chicago called a meeting for the same hour.

John J. Mitchell, of the clearing house committee and president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank explained the situation today:

"The exportation of gold to Europe in the last few days, has begun to be felt here. If we had not taken this action, Chicago would soon be emptied of its gold. There is no cause for alarm. As soon as we obtain supplies of currency under the Aldrich-Vreeland bill, the clearing house certificate basis will be discontinued."

The issuance of \$500,000,000 in currency authorized by the Aldrich-Vreeland bill is expected within two weeks.

CECILIE IS SAFE; REACHES SEAPORT

Liner Bearing U. S. Gold Bullion Lands Safely on German Coast.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Aug. 3.—The liner Kron Prinzessin Cecilie, bearing millions of gold bullion, reported in danger of capture by British cruisers, reached a German port today. Dispatches to the state department did not name the port of arrival.

PITTSBURGH CIRCUIT RACES SOON TO OPEN

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 3.—In anticipation of the Pittsburgh grand circuit race meet the finishing touches today were being put on the track on Brant's Island, conceded to be one of the fastest in the country. The meet will be held from August 17 to 21, inclusive, and all sections of the United States and Canada will be represented. Prizes amounting to \$50,000 already have been offered for the winners of the various events.

WILSON ASKS FUNDS TO AID AMERICANS STRANDED ABROAD

President Sends Special Message to Congress Urging Appropriation of \$250,000.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson today sent a special message to congress asking immediate appropriation of \$250,000 for relief of distressed Americans abroad.

Relieve Shipping Tie-up.

Without opposition the house marine committee today favorably reported a bill empowering the president to suspend certain prohibitions against bringing foreign ships under American register, and thus prevent paralysis of transatlantic shipping.

Will Carry Passengers.

The senate today voted to authorize the secretary of the navy to establish naval lines to carry mail, passengers and goods to South America and Europe. If the bill goes to the house, Wilson Urges Calmness.

President Wilson today appealed to the people of the United States to remain calm during the war in Europe. He declared the United States owes it to mankind to help the rest of the world during the present crisis.

RUSSIAN FLEET IS DRIVEN INTO GULF BY GERMAN FORCES

Sunday Battle Is Waged Near Aland Island.—Russians Take Refuge.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Germany's Attitude.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—An official communication published here today concerning the beginning of the war, says:

"As consequence of a Russian attack on German territory, Germany is in a state of war with Russia."

"The French reply to Germany's note has been received in the German capital, and is of unsatisfactory character."

In addition, France has ordered the mobilization of her army, so that the outbreak of war between Germany and France must be awaited at any moment."

Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 3.—A battle between the French troops in strategic positions German and Russian fleets off the Aland island, and resulted in the Russian vessels being driven back. The Russian war vessels took refuge in the Gulf of Finland, where they still remained today. The Aland islands form an archipelago in the Gulf of Bothnia. They have belonged to Russia since 1809, when they were taken from Sweden.

Swiss Accused for First Time as Being Traitor

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Geneva, Aug. 3.—For the first time in history a native Swiss has been accused of being a spy in his own land on behalf of another country, and it happens that the man attaining this unenviable distinction is a member of the national council.

The government has suppressed his name and most of the facts in the case, of which Swiss newspapers are loudly clamoring. It is stated, however, that he man, who was arrested in Zurich, had been suspected for some time past, and that a search of his house disclosed convincing proofs of his guilt. He had been particularly active in getting and disposing of information concerning the frontiers of the Italian frontier, say the authorities.

ENGLAND PROMISES TO PROTECT FRANCE FROM GERMAN FLEET

SIR EDWARD GREY GIVES ASSURANCE OF AID IF GERMAN FLEET ENTERS CHANNEL OR NORTH SEA.

GERMANS SHOW ALARM

Counselor to German Embassy Appeals for Neutrality of England in Turmoil in Re-markable Petition

Today.

London, Aug. 3.—Sir Edward Grey told the house of commons that he had given France the assurance that if the German fleet came into the English Channel or through the North Sea to undertake hostile operations against the French coast or shipping, the British would give all the aid in their power.

It was officially stated here today that the British army would mobilize tomorrow.

Dr. Von Kuhlmann, Counselor of the German Embassy here, today issued a remarkable appeal for the neutrality of England in the European turmoil.

"The maintenance of British neutrality would in no way injure the French. On the contrary, it might argue the case for a neutral Great Britain could give France as much strategic assistance and a good deal more effective diplomatic help as according to all reliable information there is no station of sending British troops to the continent."

"All England can do for France is to protect her northern coast from invasion and prevent the neutral ports of Belgium and Holland being used as bases for armed aggression against France."

Germany Has Promises.

"Germany would be disposed to give an understanding that she would not attack France by sea in the north, or make any warlike use of the sea-coast of Belgium and Holland. If it appeared that Great Britain would make this undertaking a condition of her neutrality for the time being."

"Thus England without going to war herself could render the maximum of assistance she could give her by going to war."

"That England, as a neutral power maintaining her arms of neutrality, would automatically be a greater asset for France and for the termination of hostilities at an early moment than if she herself were involved in the war, is self evident."

Belgium Appeals to Britain.

Sir Edward Grey announced in the house of commons today that a telegram from the king of the Belgians made a supreme appeal to safeguard the integrity of Belgium.

Sir Edward read the house of commons to approach the consideration of the European crisis from the point of view of British interests. British honor and obligation. The foreign secretary said the house was free to decide what the British attitude should be.

To Appoint Kitchener.

A strong belief was prevalent here today that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener was to be appointed the British minister of war. His return to his post in Egypt was cancelled today.

England Promises Grey's Talk.

Sir Edward again requested the house to deal with the issue before it without passion, and he added:

"When the documents are made public it will be seen how genuinely and wholeheartedly we have made efforts to preserve the peace."

Dealing with the question of Great Britain's obligations, Sir Edward said:

"Up to yesterday we had given no promise of more than diplomatic support. I was asked at the time of the Algeiras crisis if we would give arms, ammunition and aid. I said I could promise nothing to any foreign power unless it received the wholehearted support of public opinion."

"I gave no promise, but I told the French and German ambassadors that if war was forced on France, public opinion in the British Isles would rally to France."

Location of Fleet.

"The French fleet is in the Mediterranean and the northern coasts of France are defenseless. If a foreign fleet engaged in war against France should come down and battle against those defenseless coasts, we could not stand aside."

"We felt strongly that France was entitled to know at once whether in the event of an attack on her unprotected coasts, she could rely on our support."

"I gave the encouragement to the French ambassador last night that if the German fleet goes into the English channel or into the North Sea to attack French shipping or the French coast, the British fleet will give all the protection in its power."

"That answer is subject to the approval of parliament. It is not a declaration of war. I understand that the German government would be prepared if we would pledge ourselves to neutrality to agree that its fleet would not attack the northern coast of France."

"That is far too narrow an encouragement."

The house broke into cheers at this remark.

Gives His Views.

"When mobilization began I telegraphed to both the French and the German governments, asking whether they would respect Belgium neutrality. France replied that she was prepared to do so unless another power violated that neutrality."

"The German foreign secretary replied that he could not possibly give a response before consulting the imperial chancellor and the German emperor. He intimated that he doubted

LEADERS OF STRIKE AGREE TO WILSON'S MEDIATION PROPOSAL

President's Plea to Prevent Strike Is Successful.—Both Parties Accept Plan.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Aug. 3.—Managers of the western railways have accepted arbitration of the wage disputes of their engineers and firemen.

At President Wilson's plea that a strike be averted because of the sensitive situation in the United States as the result of the European crisis, the railroad managers visited the White House just before noon and advised the president they would accept the plan proposed by the federal board of mediation which had already passed upon favorably by the representatives of the engineers and firemen. The plan provides that the question of wages shall be arbitrated under the Newlands act, and that rules and regulations enforced prior to October, 1913, shall be restored.

The decision of the railroad managers was given personally to the president today by a committee headed by A. W. Trenholm. They gave the president their letter setting out their position.

Immediately after the call of the railroad managers, the federal board of mediation was notified of the favorable outcome. Chairman Chambers at once notified the representatives of the engineers and firemen.

Adogram No. 2

CARRANZA'S TROOPS MARCH ON CAPITOL

Seventy Thousand Well Equipped Soldiers On March Toward Mexico City On Carranza's Orders.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Saltillo, Mexico, Aug. 3.—An advance on Mexico City of over 70,000 well armed and equipped constitutional soldiers was begun today on orders from General Carranza.

Washington once threw a dollar across the Potomac River—but there are better methods of making a little money go a long way.

Thrifty people are readers of newspaper advertising. They do not buy haphazard. They shop to the best advantage and get the most for their money.

See what opportunities the business in today's Gazette holds for you.

WILSON ASKS FUNDS TO AID AMERICANS STRANDED ABROAD

President Sends Special Message to Congress Urging Appropriation of \$250,000.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson today sent a special message to congress asking immediate appropriation of \$250,000 for relief of distressed Americans abroad.

Relieve Shipping Tie-up.

Without opposition the house marine committee today favorably reported a bill empowering the president to suspend certain prohibitions against bringing foreign ships under American register, and thus prevent paralysis of transatlantic shipping.

Will Carry Passengers.

The senate today voted to authorize the secretary of the navy to establish naval lines to carry mail, passengers and goods to South America and Europe. If the bill goes to the house, Wilson Urges Calmness.

President Wilson today appealed to the people of the United States to remain calm during the war in Europe. He declared the United States owes it to mankind to help the rest of the world during the present crisis.

RUSSIAN FLEET IS DRIVEN INTO GULF BY GERMAN FORCES

Sunday Battle Is Waged Near Aland Island.—Russians Take Refuge.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Germany's Attitude.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—An official communication published here today concerning the beginning of the war, says:

"As consequence of a Russian attack on German territory, Germany is in a state of war with Russia."

"The French reply to Germany's note has been received in the German capital, and is of unsatisfactory character."

In addition, France has ordered the mobilization of her army, so that the outbreak of war between Germany and France must be awaited at any moment."

Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 3.—A battle between the French troops in strategic positions German and Russian fleets off the Aland island, and resulted in the Russian vessels being driven back. The Russian war vessels took refuge in the Gulf of Finland, where they still remained today. The Aland islands form an archipelago in the Gulf of Bothnia. They have belonged to Russia since 1809, when they were taken from Sweden.

Swiss Accused for First Time as Being Traitor

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Geneva, Aug. 3.—For the first time in history a native Swiss has been accused of being a spy in his own land on behalf of another country, and it happens that the man attaining this unenviable distinction is a member of the national council.

The government has suppressed his name and most of the facts in the case, of which Swiss newspapers are loudly clamoring. It is stated, however, that he man, who was arrested in Zurich, had been suspected for some time past, and that a search of his house disclosed convincing proofs of his guilt. He had been particularly active in getting and disposing of information concerning the frontiers of the Italian frontier, say the authorities.

Adogram No. 2

CARRANZA'S TROOPS MARCH ON CAPITOL

Seventy Thousand Well Equipped Soldiers On March Toward Mexico City On Carranza's Orders.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Saltillo, Mexico, Aug. 3.—An advance on Mexico City of over 70,000 well armed and equipped constitutional soldiers was begun today on orders from General Carranza.

Washington once threw a dollar across the Potomac River—but there are better methods of making a little money go a long way.

Thrifty people are readers of newspaper advertising. They do not buy haphazard. They shop to the best advantage and get the most for their money.

See what opportunities the business in today's Gazette holds for you.

Children's Shoe Special

One line, broken lots, odds and ends, children's shoes, great values, extra special at 35c the pair.

Baby Dolls, Bulgarian Sandals, Patents, Gun Metals, Tans, Girls' and Misses sizes, broken lots, special at 95c the pair.

Little Men's Elkskin Shoes, ideal summer shoes for the boys, broken lines, special at 75c the pair.

DJIBBY

RECOIL

1-3 off on RAINCOATS SUITS UNDERWARE BATHING SUITS

This week only

FORD

Summer Comfort

Perfect fitting, cool underwear make a great difference in the summer time. Our underwear stock was never more complete.

Men's mesh or ribbed union suits at \$1.00 each.

Men's Nainsook union suits at 50c each.

"Porosknit" or "Eyelet" union suits at \$1.50 each.

Men's mesh or ribbed union suits at \$1.00 and \$1.50 each.

Men's two-piece balbriggan underwear at 25c each.

Men's ribbed or balbriggan underwear at 50c a garment.

Ladies' union suits at 25c and 50c.

Ladies' gauze vests at 10c, 12c, 15c and 25c each.

Children's gauze vests at 10c.

Boys' union suits at 25c and 50c each.

Boys' bathing suits at 10c, 20c and 25c a suit.

Men's bathing suits at 50c.

HALL & HUEBEL

Pennants

Pennants for den decoration or automobile tourist; full felt, large size, 12x30 inch, Jansville Pennants with felt letters, well made, equal to any 25c pennant made, special at each 10c

Doll Cabs

Cabs for baby's dolly; steel frames, collapsible, 50c and 85c. The \$1.25 ones are rubber tired. See them in window.

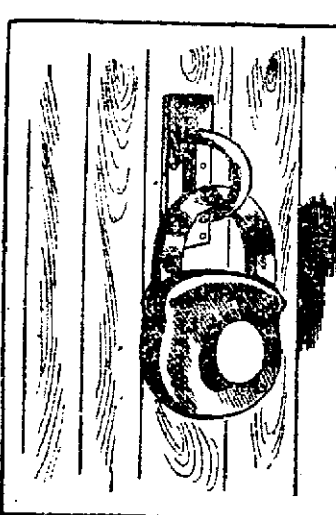
Hinterschied's

TWO STORES
221-23 W. Milw. St.

A KEYLESS PADLOCK

Must Know One of 50,000 Combinations Before You Can Open It.

The man who is compelled to carry a bunch of keys of any size hesitates and weighs the matter seriously before he adds a single key to the group because of the increased weight and inconvenience of them. A padlock which has no key is to be had



PADLOCK WITHOUT A KEY.

and is shown herewith. As it is entirely encased, without openings of any character, it cannot be picked or opened by anyone who is not supplied with the combination. The lock is capable of 50,000 combinations, so that the possibility of striking the correct combination by accident is very remote.

Sell your house or any other piece of real estate you may have through the want ad column—the cost is but a trifle.

CATTLE RUSTLER IS NOW HELD IN JAIL

MAN WHO SHIPPED CARLOAD OF VALUABLE CATTLE FROM AFTON PROVES DARING THIEF.

FUNDS IN LOCAL BANK

R. J. Leach, Alias Miller, Charged With Astounding Robbery, Has Account in First National Bank.

R. J. Leach, alias William Ross Miller, whose home is said to be on St. Lawrence avenue, Beloit, is held at the Winnebago county jail in Rockford today for one of the most daring robberies in the history of this region. His capture was effected on Friday of last week at Waukeasha by Captain Homer Read of the Rockford police department which has been working assiduously on the case for some days and whose painstaking work was largely responsible for clearing up the mystery.

Leach is charged with rustling a herd of twenty-five cattle from the pasture fields of Abram Chapman and Paul T. Buchanan near the Pecatonica river in Winnebago county, driving them to Afton, Wis., where he shipped them to Chicago on July 15 under the name of R. J. Leach. After tracing the loss of their cattle to this point, Messrs. Chapman and Buchanan at once secured the advice of attorneys and the firm of Carpenter and St. John of Rockford and T. S. Nolan of this city were employed on the case.

Following the location and arrest of Leach at Waukeasha it was learned that his description tallied with that of a man by the name of William Ross Miller, who lives in Beloit. Capt. Read took the fugitive from Waukeasha to Rockford by automobile.

The police and attorneys learned that Leach, alias Miller, had had dealings with Herschel Fisher, a prominent Rock county farmer, who gave a satisfactory description and it was also found that Leach had an account in the First National Bank in this city. Messrs. Carpenter, St. John and Nolan at once secured an order from Leach on Mrs. Wm. Ross Miller of Beloit, to turn over Leach's books, and papers which revealed the fact that he had a balance of \$563 in the local bank which was secured for Chapman and Buchanan, the owners of the cattle. According to the police there is no doubt but that Leach and Miller are one and the same.

The cattle which were valued at \$2000 by the owners, were sold at a sacrifice in Chicago to William Gentlemen and Sons for \$1,149.29, according to the information now in the hands of the attorneys.

JANESVILLE YOUTH IN BELOIT COURT

Patrick Condon Will Answer Charge of Assaulting Interurban Car Conductor in Beloit.

Patrick "Patsy" Condon of Janesville was taken to Beloit this afternoon by Officer McCauley of the Beloit department to answer to the state's charges of assault on Leo L. Michale of Beloit, a conductor on the Rockford Interurban company Wednesday, July 29th, the day of the Grocers' and Butchers' picnic at Yost Park. The warrant also charges Condon "with removing parts of the car that were necessary to the safety of the passengers." Condon's examination will be held this afternoon before Municipal Judge John Clarke.

It is alleged that Condon, with several other Janesville youths, tampered with the tail lights of the interurban car which was a trailer returning from the picnic grounds. The light said to have been turned off is a danger signal for the regular car behind. When Conductor Michale interfered with the youth's operations it is alleged that he was severely beaten by the young men near the power house south of Janesville. It is claimed that Michale was thrown to the ground after he had left the car to telephone, and was held by four of the rowdies while two others kicked him in the face and in other ways assaulted him. Mortimer Alfred Whitford saved Michale from further mistreatment. The attorneys of the company have made an investigation of the case and will prosecute the case to the limit of the law.

Condon was arrested by Chief of Police Champion Saturday night shortly after the warrants were issued and was held at the city hall jail until the papers were served by Officer McCauley. Attorney Fred Burpee will defend Condon.

HE IS MINISTER FROM THE GREEKS



Agamemnon Schliemann.

Agamemnon Schliemann is Greece's new representative at Washington and has just assumed his new duties. Schliemann, who calls himself "one of the progressive Greeks," is the first minister Greece has had at Washington since L. A. Coromilas, who married a daughter of former Senator Cockrell of Missouri, returned to his native land several years ago, leaving the legation in charge of a charge d'affaires. The new minister is youthful in appearance, but has had considerable experience in Grecian affairs.

WILL HOLD MONROE MAN FOR LARCENY

William Schultz Sentenced for Drunkenness Will Have New Charges Made Against Him.

To be sentenced for ten days in the county jail for drunkenness, Schultz was brought up again this morning for petty larceny will be the experience of William Schultz of Monroe, Wisconsin. Schultz was arraigned in the municipal court this morning on the charge of intoxication and after pleading guilty was given ten dollars or ten days.

"Will you sign a pledge?" asked Judge Maxfield.

"If I honor, I'll take the pledge in Rock county, but not in Green county," replied Schultz.

To have a pledge effective in Rock county and of the Rockford police department did not appear to pass the censorship of the court and Schultz finally agreed to take the pledge for six months to be effective wherever he happened to be.

Chief of Police Champion then told in court that Schultz, while intoxicated Saturday evening, stole several dollars' worth of property from several of the stores and attempted to pilfer other valuables at several establishments. A belt stolen from the Golden Eagle, rings, scarf pins and trinkets from the Woolworth store and other articles which he described were purchased in Madison were found on Schultz' person. The property was identified by the storekeepers and Schultz will be held at the county jail until a criminal case is sued against him charging petty larceny.

Steve Caniff waived his examination and pleaded guilty to the charge of second class drunkenness.

"When did you take the pledge from this court?" asked Judge Maxfield when Caniff was making excuses for being up again.

"It was on July 30," replied Caniff.

"One year in the county jail and if you come back again it will be Waukeasha," was the sentence imposed on the felon.

Joseph Diggs was given a fine of five dollars and costs, which was paid. James Hampton, whose trial was set for today, was committed to the county farm by Judge Maxfield.

TO RE-OPEN THEATRE THE LAST OF MONTH

Manager Myers Secures Strong List of Attractions and Excellent Pictures For Coming Season.

Manager Peter L. Myers of the Myers theatre announced that his house will open for the coming season on Thursday, August 27, and that he will be ready to present at that time the strongest line of motion pictures, vaudeville acts and attractions which has ever been offered in Janesville. The theatre which has recently been closed for several weeks, has experienced the most successful season in forty-four years.

Prominent among the pictures which will be presented will be a new serial by the author of Lucille Love, the production being called, "The Treason of Hearts." The story of this picture will appear in the columns of the Gazette. It is said to be one of the masterpieces of photo-play production.

Another picture secured is "The Spoilers" by Rex Beach which has William Farnum in the cast and which was shown for twelve weeks at the Sundecker Theatre Chicago.

"Cabrera" now showing at the Illinois, will also be secured. Mr. Myers said that the theatre's universal films will be shown at his theatre throughout the coming season.

EARLY MORNING FIRE TAKES LARGE BARN

Buildings on William Somerfeldt Farm North of This City Destroyed Early Today.

Two large barns, a hog house and a corn crib on the William Somerfeldt farm, seven miles north of this city on the Edgerton road were destroyed today by a morning fire which broke out at about 5 o'clock. While the exact cause of the flames is unknown, it is believed that the probable cause was spontaneous combustion, due to the burning of crop straw in the barn. The hay and a quantity of grain and some farm implements stored in the buildings were burned. The livestock was saved and the house was untouched. Mr. Somerfeldt, son, who resides in the old Ward farm, suffered a fire loss earlier in the season. A daughter who has been seriously ill at the Mercy hospital, was taken to her home on Sunday.

LOCAL BRIEF ITEMS.

Search Here: Saturday and Sunday the Janesville police kept close watch on all the interurban cars and railroad trains for a man named George Condon, who is wanted for a forty dollars from a carnival company that was exhibiting in South Beloit. A description of the man was sent to Chief Champion by Constable James Root of South Beloit.

Ordered to Leave: Band of gypsies started to camp this morning in Spring Brook and were ordered out of the city by the police.

Water License Tags: One hundred more license tags have been ordered by the city as only a few tags remain from the first order. This morning the total number issued was 688 and Chief Champion has many more licenses who are busy and whose dogs will be shot in the next month about thirty canines have been killed by the police.

There will be a special meeting of Harry L. Gifford Camp No. 23, U. S. W. V. in their hall on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. All members are kindly requested to be present.

FOUR FOOTVILE MEN IN BUGGY SMASH-UP

This morning four men who gave their names to the police as H. Gurich, Dunkins, Mohar and Young, of Footville, were taken to the city hall jail this morning by Chief of Police Champion after damages had been paid for a lively rig, owned by a Footville man. The four were taken into custody Saturday night near the Crook's brewery where the buggy and men had become so overloaded that the survey lost a wheel and men-survey and "wet goods" all landed in a heap.

MEANS BIG INCREASE IN RAILWAY REVENUE

RATE DECISION GRANTS FIVE PER CENT INCREASE IN CENTRAL TERRITORY.

NO GENERAL ADVANCE

Trunk Line Rates and Lake and Rail Rates Will Not Be Changed. Ten Millions Added Income.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., Aug. 3.—The five per cent rate increase granted to railroads in the Central Freight Association territory, which lies between the Mississippi river and the Buffalo-Pittsburgh line, by the decision of the interstate commerce commission on Saturday will yield at least \$10,000,000 added income to the railroads, according to various estimates. The gross income may exceed that amount by a number of millions annually according to the amount of traffic.

Other Increases Denied.

A general increase in trunk line rates, lake and rail rates and in the rates on traffic moving between the different rail territories in official classification territory is denied. The decision contains many suggestions for all carriers in official classification territory as to the methods by which their net income may be increased or that of their shippers reduced. Rates. Special attention is called to many rates that are apparently unremunerative.

The exact increase in revenue that will accrue to this railroad through the decision is a matter of expert computation based on the traffic affected, but the total increase will be about \$10,000,000.

Two Commissioners Dissent.

Commissioners McChord and Daniels filed dissenting opinions. Commissioner McChord held that it was unjust to increase classification rates while denying increases to the trunk lines, and Commissioner Daniels dissented along the same lines.

The decision covers seventy-seven printed pages. Its significant features are as follows:

Five per cent increase approved in the intra-territory class and commodity rates in Central Freight Association territory, comprising Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin and Michigan.

General Advance Denied.

Increase in lake and rail rates denied.

Increase on traffic moving between the different rail territories in official classification territory denied.

No increase in central territory allowed for brick, tile, clay, coal, coke, starch, cement, iron ore and plaster.

Railroads agreed to rail property not held for transportation purposes.

Increased passenger and freight rates suggested where they are found unremunerative.

Many economies pointed out and cancellations of pass and other free facilities urged.

Fifty-Two Roads Applied.

The railroads which applied for the interstate commerce commission's permission to raise their freight rates were the 62 lines in the territory east of the Mississippi river, north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers. The increase asked was five per cent, just half the increase which these railroads tried to get approval of in 1910.

It was deemed that public sentiment desired a prompt decision of the new application, and the interstate commerce commission immediately instituted hearings at which the William of the Baltimore and Ohio, President Delano of the Monon system, George Patterson, general counsel of the Pennsylvania, and other prominent railroad officials gave testimony. Louis D. Braddeis of Boston, representing the commission and the shippers, was one of the leading counsel in opposition.

Heavy Drain on Earnings.

The contention of the railroad managers was that in the last three years the railroads had spent \$600,000,000 in new capital but that in 1913 the earnings were \$16,000,000 less than in 1912, that the greatest increase in railroad expenses had come about by higher wages, taxes and new investment in the properties; that conditions were such that the new York central asked for a 10 per cent increase in rates to pay off \$2,000,000 and it was strongly intimated by some witnesses that unless the situation were relieved the railroads might have to accept a railroad ownership as the only alternative.

Government's Opposition.

The opposing contentions were in effect that the railroads were constantly enjoying higher revenues; that they spent more on improvements last year than any other year in history; that one terminal alone, built at a cost of \$108,000,000 "would have built an entire railroad from New York to San Francisco."

It was also pointed out that all that the free services which the railroads performed for large industrial concerns, would, if paid for, net the railroads approximately \$30,000,000 a year. Mr. Braddeis declared that "a sum approaching \$100,000,000 a year is easily within the railroads' grasp if methods of conserving revenues which are being suggested are adopted."

Objection of Shippers.

The greatest opposition from shippers came from those interested in coal and petroleum and it was charged by independent refiners that the increased freight rates would benefit the Standard Oil company at the expense of the independent concern.

CANDIDATE HATTON IN THE CITY TODAY

New London Man Running for Governor on Republican Ticket Talks With Friends Here This Morning.

William H. Hatton of New London, republican candidate for governor of Wisconsin, was a visitor in the city this morning enroute to Beloit and Evansville. He registered at the Hotel Myers, and while there talked over the political situation with many friends. He left at one-thirty for Beloit by auto. He is accompanied by Henry C. Campbell of Milwaukee during his trip through this section of the state.

Andrew H. Dahl, republican candidate for governor, will start a tour of Rock county on Tuesday, visiting Edgerton, Evansville, Albany, Brodhead and Juda, and will finish the day with a speech at Monroe at 8:00 p. m.

Lieutenant Governor Morris will tour the same county Tuesday, finishing with a night speech at Sun Prairie. He will be accompanied by Senator H. A. Schubert of Stoughton.

HOG TRADE IS WEAK; ADVANCE FOR SHEEP

Fair-Sized Volume of Receipts Supplies Monday Morning's Live-Stock Market.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Trade in live pork was weak this morning with prices five cents lower. Sheep were in strong demand with prices ten cents higher than last week's close. There was a good-sized volume of receipts and trade in general was active. Following are quotations:

Cattle—Receipts 13,000; market steady; heaves 7.15@10.00; Texas steers 6.40@8.40; stockers and feeders 6.50@9.00; cow and heifers 5.75@9.10; calves 7.50@11.25.

Hogs—Receipts 32,000; market weak; 5c lower; light 5.50@9.00; mixed 5.30@8.50; heavy 5.10@8.75; rough 4.10@8.25; pigs 7.25@9.80; bulk of sales 8.35@8.75.

Sheep—Receipts 10,000; market strong, 10c higher; native 5.15@8.90; yearlings 5.50@6.50; lambs, native 5.00@8.25.

Butter—Higher; creameries 21@23 1/2.

Eggs—Higher; receipts 12,750 cases; cases at market included 18@20; ordinary firsts 15@19; prime firsts 19 1/2@20.

Potatoes—Unsettled; receipts 50 cars; Kan., No. early Ohio 60@65; Va. banded 5.25@2.50; Minn. home grown 55@65.

Poultry—Alive: Unchanged; fowls 15@19; springs 16@18.

Wheat—Sept. Opening 87 1/2; high 88 1/2; low 86 1/2; Dec. Opening 91 1/2; high 92; low 89 1/2; closing 91 1/2.

Corn—Sept. Opening 71 1/2; high 71 1/2; low 66 1/2; closing 67 1/2; Dec. Opening 63 1/2; high 64 1/2; low 61 1/2; closing 62 1/2.

Oats—Sept. Opening 38 1/2; high 37; low 34 1/2; closing 35 1/2; Dec. Opening 38 1/2; high 39 1/2; low 37; closing 37 1/2.

Barley—48@57.

JANESVILLE WHOLESALE MARKET.

Straw, Corn, Cattle: Straw, \$6.00@7.00; baled hay, \$11@12; 1000, small demand; old oats, 35c@40c; new oats, 33c@35c; barley, 90c@95c per 100 lbs. car corn, \$18@19.

Poultry: Dressed hens, 14c; dressed young springers, 25c; geese, live, 11c; dressed, 14c; turkeys, dressed, 20c; alive, 16c@17c; ducks, 11c@12c.

Steers and Cows: \$4.50@8.10, average, \$7.50.

Calves: \$3.00@3.90.

Hogs: \$7.00@7.75.

Sheep: 45c; lambs, 75c@85c.

Feed: (Retail) on meal, \$1.75@1.70 per 100 lbs.; bran, \$1.25; standard middlings, \$1.20; flour middlings \$1.40@1.45.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 90c per bu; new, 20c peck. New cabbage, 10 lb. carrots, 5c bunch; beets, 5c bunch; best greens, 5c bunch; Texas onions, 10c lb.; peppers, best quality, 5c each; French endive, 35c lb; pieplant, 5c per bunch; fresh tomatoes, 6c lb; parsley, 5c bunch; radishes, 5c bunch; leaf lettuce, 5c per bunch; green onions, two bunches, 5c; fresh H. G. green peas, 8c lb; muckmelons, 4c @3c each; peaches, 20c basket; blackberries, 15c qt.; red raspberries, 15c qt.; gooseberries, 10c qt.; fresh currants, 10c box, \$1.50 case; sweet cherries, 30c qt; watermelons, 30c@35c; choice blueberries, 18c box; sweet seedless grapes, 20c lb; Malaga grapes, 15c lb.

Pure Lard: 15c@16c lb; lard compound, 15c lb.

Honey—16c@20c lb.

Nuts—English walnuts, 25c lb; black walnuts, 10c lb; pecan nuts, 25c lb; Brazil nuts, 25c@25c lb; peanuts, 10c@15c lb; almonds, 25c lb; filberts, 15c@25c lb.

Butter—Creamery, 33c@30c; dairy, 25c@30c.

Always On Time Wins Respect

It has gained a reputation for our watches and clocks that we feel proud of. Our selection of timepieces is the best that can be made for all purposes.

GEORGE C. OLIN

As I carry a very large stock of lenses of all sizes, focus and combinations, I am in a position to replace practically any kind of breakage on very short notice. Frames and mountings repaired, quick service. Children's eyes and difficult cases a specialty.

JOSEPH H. SCHOLLER

OPTOMETRIST.
Office Badger Drug Co.

EXPERT JEWELRY REPAIRING

G. E. FATZINGER,

The little store around the corner, next to the P. O.

THE "WAR LORD" OF GERMANY, MOUNTED ON HIS HORSE, ALL READY FOR THE FRAY



Kaiser Wilhelm and his commander-in-chief, Count von Moltke. This is a new photograph of the German war lord, mounted on his favorite charger, and showing below the commander-in-chief of the German fighting force, Count von Moltke.

ENGLAND PROMISES TO PROTECT FRANCE FROM GERMAN FLEET

(Continued from Page 1.)

whether it was possible to give an answer, because that answer would disclose the German plan.

"We were sounded last week as to whether Belgium neutrality would be restored after the war it would pacify us, and we replied that we could not barter our interests or our obligations."

Another burst of cheers greeted this declaration.

Would Fight.

Sir Edward added that if a foreign fleet came down the English channel to bombard the French coast, "we could not stand aside."

The foreign secretary stated that the British fleet had been mobilized and the mobilization of the British army had taken place.

Promise Support.

Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the opposition warmly supported the government and referred amid cheers to the pledges of support received from the British dominions.

Wild cheering from all parts of the

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Written publication authorized by E. H. Ransom and to be paid for by him at the rate of 40c per inch.

E. H. Ransom

Republican Candidate for

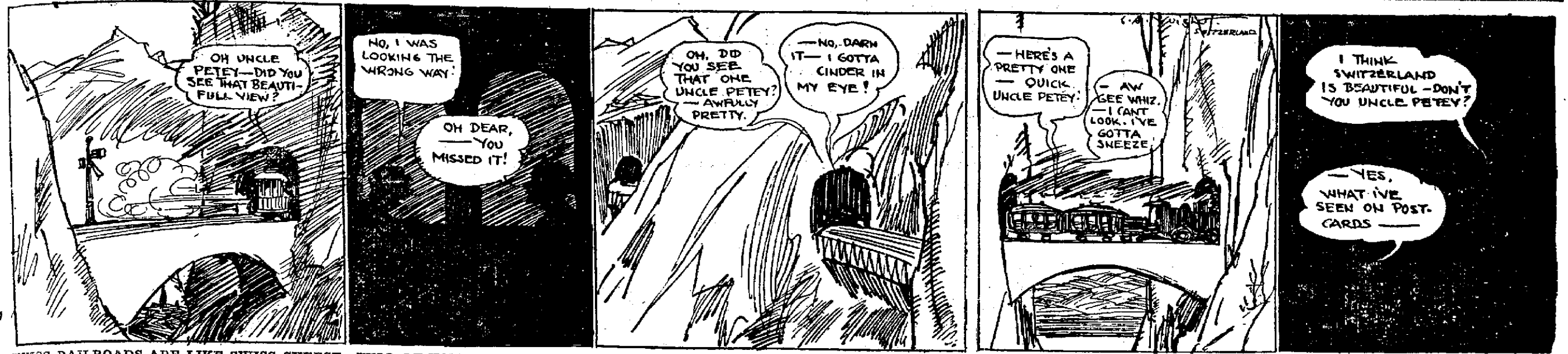
SHERIFF

Your vote respectfully solicited.
Primaries, Sept. 1st, 1914.

Chester H. Christensen

Candidate for
Republican Nomination as
District Attorney

Your Support will be Sincerely Appreciated.
Primary Sept. 1, 1914.



SWISS RAILROADS ARE LIKE SWISS CHEESE - FULL OF HOLES.

SPORTS

BOXING UNDER STATE CONTROL SUCCESSFUL; GAME IS BENEFITED

Liginger Chairman of State Boxing Commission Summarizes Work of Officials and Year's Success.

(By W. H. Liginger.)

The state athletic commission is about ready to make its report for the past year, which will end August 25, 1914.

The report will show that boxing, contests held under state control, have been very successful and have elevated the manly sport to its highest standard, where it rightfully belongs. The Hedding boxing law when first introduced seemed to be a disaster and some were unfriendly to the act. This feeling now has greatly changed with the year gone by, legalized boxing having done away with all its former objectionable features.

Those opposing the sport heretofore have signed their praise and approval for the way the commission has controlled boxing. In parts of the state where adverse criticism was common we find a most generous support of the commission and very favorable comment. The commission has been most stringent in enforcing the rules and regulations and is ever ready to adopt new ideas and enforce a comprehensive code that will work out satisfactory to the public, contestants and clubs.

An effort will be made the coming year to organize a boxing commission alliance between the various state commissions that control boxing, whereby a uniform airtight set of rules to regulate the contestants and boxing clubs can be adopted that will further perpetuate the interest in the sport and more firmly regulate all angles of the exhibition.

State Has Benefitted. Aside from the successful control of the boxing situation the commission has been constantly on the lookout for the 5 per cent tax on the gross receipts of the clubs that the state derives from all boxing exhibitions, which has so far almost totalled up to handsome sum of \$15,000. This amount the commission expects to swell to \$14,000 before the close of the year's business.

Inasmuch as no member of the commission, excepting the secretary, receives any compensation whatever for services, and the total expenses to run the commission, including the salary of the secretary, can not exceed the sum of \$3,000 per annum, it will show that the commission has not only been self-sustaining but has added a good amount in the state treasury to help ease up the burden of taxation, which seems to be the main issue in the coming election.

add boxing under state control.

The largest revenue paying club in the state has been the Queensberry Athletic club of Milwaukee, having paid \$3,686.42 for the 5 per cent tax on the state receipts and the license, the boxing exhibitions being held at the Auditorium. This club has not only established a record for drawing the largest gate receipts for a ten day boxing exhibition ever held in the world, amounting to \$40,000, but has also set a standard for conducting boxing contests that can not be excelled. If this show could have been increased by those who have been interested in the boxing conducted under state control might in any way or part thereof be termed as "prize fighting" they certainly would have changed their minds.

How Vastly Different from what some have tried to characterize as a fight of this kind. Imagine the old time fight as he approached the ring and was gently tapped on the shoulder by one of Milwaukee's strong arm squad, to remind him that no smoking was allowed in the building. On entering he finds himself walking on heavy padded velvet carpet and is politely escorted to his seat in a well groomed usher. This, with a thousand electric lights blazing about him, almost makes him think he had bought a ticket for a grand opera instead of a boxing show, but his eyes catch a glimpse of the "square circle" with its latest equipment to guard against accident to the contestants, whereupon he comments favorably on the changes in the manner boxing is conducted under state control.

Right here it might be well to mention that not one single serious accident has occurred in any of the boxing shows during the whole season, which is more than can be said for football or any other sport. No boxing exhibition or contest has been given except under license from the state athletic commission under state supervision. All boxing exhibitions at stag or club smokers, or where intoxicating liquors are sold or given away, have been strictly prohibited and denied a sanction. During the year the commission has stored several exhibitions of this nature and will continue to enforce this rule in the future. It is in places of this kind that unfavorable accidents occur since proper precautions against accidents are not taken. The commission during the last year has licensed twenty-five clubs, of this number two have been revoked, namely the Riverview Athletic club of Milwaukee and the Hudson Athletic club of Hudson, Wis.

The Hudson Boxing club is now the only club at Hudson. This club enjoys the distinction of being the second largest revenue paying organization in the state, the large receipts being due to the attendance from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Refuse One License. One application for state license

was refused, this one being the St. Croix Athletic club at Houghton, Wis. The commission, after carefully investigating the conditions that surrounded the village of Houghton, decided not to grant the petition. During the last season the boxing clubs held collectively 132 boxing contests, averaging four bouts to each show. Ten boxers were suspended during the last eleven months for violating the state boxing code, for periods varying from two to twelve months. These were Bob Mohr, two months; Micker Towers, three months; Packey McFarland, one year; Jack Redmond, three months; Peter Childs, three months; Moose Dean, three months; Phil Baker, two months; Alfred Purrier, three months; Cuff Abel, five months; Young Fitzgerald, temporary suspension.

A number of referee licenses granted was nineteen. Of this number one has been revoked. Several referees were summoned before the commission to caution them that they had been lax in enforcing the rules. The referee question is one that will be very carefully considered when the applications for renewals are made. Members of the commission have at various times attended the boxing contests held throughout the state to get a line on the work of the referees, inspectors and boxing club, to see how they conducted their shows.

George Duffy Popular. The referees and clubs have been rated accordingly, and this schedule will be referred to when applications for renewal are made. Hereafter no license will be granted until the premises and location wherein the boxing shows are to be held have been investigated by one of the members of the commission. Among the referees that have given the state the most efficient service in strictly enforcing the rules are George Duffy, Harry Stout and George Ryan of Milwaukee, George Duffy having refereed the most number of contests, twenty-nine in all, with Harry Stout a close second, 15. Inspectors were appointed by the commission, all of whom have given their valuable services without any compensation, which at times has been very strenuous. The commission desires to thank them for the good work they have done. The commission also desires to thank the promoters and public for the kind and courteous treatment extended to them and their hearty co-operation in its effort to faithfully administer the law.

Sport Snap Shots

The Chicago Cubs have signed a young semi-pro player picked up from the many ball lots of Chicago, who, they believe, will develop into one of the finds of many seasons. Elmer Maadger is his name and he's a pitcher. If he can continue with the Cubs anything like the clip that he showed while in semi-pro circles he will speedily become one of the twirling stars of the game. He hadn't lost a game with his former team all season.

The next Mr. Johnson that applies for a position on the St. Louis Cardinals will be given a job, it is hoped. And also the Cards in such a case would do well to freeze onto him and not send him back to the minors. At present there is a Rankin Johnson with the Red Sox, an Illinois Johnson with the Giants and a Franklin Johnson with Jacksonville, all of whom have been tried out by the Cards and then carted off to the bushes. And all three of those mentioned have been playing very good ball.

There is a prevalent impression in sporting circles that the New York, New Haven and Hartford directors have made excellent baseball magnates.

Fandom in St. Louis is enthused over the showing of Jack Miller at short, and the critics are declaring that Miller is far too fast a man to be stationed at first base. It may occur to others, however, that in modern baseball just as much speed is required around first base as any other infield position. They ought to know that in St. Louis, too, where Charley Comiskey introduced the modern type of first baseman.

It is possible that the American league, headed by Kid Gleason, will make a barnstorming trip through the central west after the championship season is completed. Pitcher Cotte of the White Sox, one of the stars of the league, has been asked by Mike McInnis, high and several others regarding the tour and that all were enthusiastic. "And, say, I guess we wouldn't make some sensation when we came out on the leg," added Cotte. "Not a man five feet eight inches in height."

President Hedges of St. Louis is of the opinion that Manager E. J. Egan is pointed for a pennant. He does not predict one for this season, but is firmly convinced that the team will land in 1915, if not now. He says that his purse is open to Rixey, and that if money talks, St. Louis will have a chance to shout itself hoarse over a world's series before the end of 1915.

Pitcher Matheson with the Phils is hailed in some circles as a promising young recruit. Yet he hardly is that. He has been in independent ball as player and manager for a number of years and when Doclin took him south last spring he was considered more as a recruit twirler.

If your would spend your money judiciously—keep your eyes on the bargains the merchants are offering in these columns.

EXTRA INNING GAME WON BY CARDINALS; FEDERALS WIN GAME

Fourteen Inning Battle Between Cardinals and Madison Won by Home Crew, Four to Three.

A game of thrillers, full of gilded baseball and heavy sweating, four to the Janesville Cardinals after fourteen innings of fighting when they took the measure of the Madison nine at the Association park Sunday afternoon by a four to three score. For nine long innings the game existed on the goose egg diet, neither side even getting a good look in the plate, but in the eleventh both nines blasted home three runs apiece and in the fourteenth Janesville, getting hungry for supper, made a gallant rally that won the honors.

Crandall graced the mound for the home crew and was having a tough battle with Watts, who in the late innings even pitched superior to mighty George. The Cardinals totaled nine hits and they came when runs were ripe. Crandall must have had an off day for he walked seven alien players and only struck out eight. Watts struck out fifteen and walked three of the Janesville men, and fanned the men when his team was in deep water treading to prevent a runner from scoring.

There was plenty of "big league" stuff in the first ten innings, nobody making a costly slip. Madison batters seemed unable to place their wallop and fled out to the waiting Cardinals. Watts had the home crew swinging at his hoppers at this period of the race, who for eleven innings held the locals to two swats. In the eleventh both teams turned around and slammed the plate to the four corners of the lot, but after the smash-up they were still grappling at each other's throat for a lead. In the home half of the eleventh Ryan, first up, singled, and Butters, batted the pellet for a screaming double. These two runners and Hall scored.

Gallego opened Madison's half with a hit and Crandall walked Watts and Highland busted a two-bagger scoring the two ahead men.

More signs were heard from the well-filled grandstand when Powers hit and scored Mr. Highland from the key-stone cushion. In the fourteenth the Cardinals galloped with the game when Fleming scored after getting a safe punch, his first during the game.

Summary. Madison—Watts, p.; T. Powers, c.; Highland, 1b.; Corcoran, 3b.; Hoak, 2b.; M. Powers, Brennan and Gallego, fielders. Janesville—Hall, c.; Crandall, p. M. Ryan, ss.; Porter, 1b.; Butters, 2b.; J. Ryan, 3b.; Flemming, Nehr and Dalton, fielders.

Federals Win. The Janesville Federals made it two straight over the Black Hawk nine Sunday afternoon at Crystal Springs at the Eagles' picnic, the Federals taking the long end of a nine to eight score. The match went for ten innings and furnished a full measure of excitement for the large number of picnickers present.

McMann started for the Hawks, but after six runs were pounded off him in two innings McMann retired to the coop and Flemming replaced him. Errors mixed with heavy hitting put the Black Hawk nine in the lead when the ninth inning came around, by an eight to seven score. Flemming weakened in the pinch and the Federals crowded the sack, the tying run scoring on Stewart's hit. J. Dorn scored the winning run, scoring from second after singling, on over-throw. Hell was on the sacks but was caught at home as Dorn was racing for second.

Abraham, pitching for the Federals, allowed six hits and whiffed eight. The Federals gathered twelve off Flemming and McMann.

Summary. Black Hawks—McCue, c.; McMann and Flemming, p.; Mulligan, ss.; Doran, 1b.; Jungblut, 2b.; P. Flemming, 3b.; L. Flemming, Smith and Broderick, fielders.

Federals—Doran, c.; Abraham, p.; Stewart, ss.; Bier, 1b.; Wilson, 2b.; Porter, 3b.; Spohn, Ekert and Hell, fielders.

Stars Beat Beloit. The Janesville Stars, after losing two out of three games with the Beloit Hill Eagles, yesterday afternoon won the fourth game at Yost park, making it two and two with the Eagles. The score was six for the Stars and four for the Eagles. However, pitched a great game, allowing five hits, striking out fifteen men and allowing none to walk. Gayton, who pitched for Beloit the first five innings, allowed nine hits, eight strikeouts and walked four. Moran finished the game with three strike-outs. The Eagles were first to bat and scored in the first inning, and again scored in the second inning. Two more were obtained in the seventh inning. The Stars scored for the first time in the fourth inning. Four hits by the three out-fielders and first baseman brought in three runs. In the sixth and eighth innings the Stars scored again. Mooney and Chipman each secured a two-bagger.

Summary. Stars—Roberty, p.; Kakuske, c.; Mooney, rf.; Miller, 1b.; Viney, 2b.; Mc

Gunley, 3b.; Jackson, ss.; Spohn, c.; Hoveland, p. Eagles—Laffin, 1b.; Garrity, cf.; H. Dodge, rf.; Moran, 1b.; C. Dodge, 2b.; Reynolds, 3b.; Anderson, ss.; Chipman, c.; Gayton, p.

Score by innings. r. h. e. Stars ... 0 0 0 1 3 1 0 1 0 6 9 1 Beloit ... 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 4 5 1

Fullerton umpired the game. Navock sub. The Stars will play the Janesville Crescents next Sunday at their new diamonds.

Games at Leyden. Two baseball games were played at Leyden, Sunday afternoon, as feature attractions to the picnic. Leyden won from the Porter nine, 21 to 6, through the effective playing of Connell, Kennedy and Britt of Janesville. Connell, in five times to bat, crowned the ball for five hits, two of which were good for extra bases. Hermanson pitched for the Leyden nine.

The second game, between the White Stars and Magnolia, was won by Magnolia, 14 to 5. The Magnolia nine scored seven runs in the sixth inning and the game was called in the seventh. Hoakenson and Olson were the battery for the Stars and Roberts and Carlson for the winners.

TEAM STANDINGS.

American Association.	W.	L.	Pct.
Milwaukee	59	47	.557
Louisville	61	49	.555
Cleveland	67	51	.528
Columbus	65	51	.519
Indianapolis	58	54	.509
Kansas City	65	56	.500
Minneapolis	60	58	.463
St. Paul	59	55	.375

American League.	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	52	43	.549
Boston	54	43	.557
Washington	52	43	.547
Detroit	50	48	.510
St. Louis	47	48	.495
Chicago	47	50	.485
New York	45	54	.443
Cleveland	32	67	.328

National League.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	52	35	.598
Chicago	62	42	.593
St. Louis	61	46	.531
Cincinnati	45	45	.500
Philadelphia	43	48	.473
Brooklyn	39	49	.442
Pittsburgh	37	63	.411

Federal League.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	54	40	.574
Brooklyn	50	39	.562
Baltimore	48	40	.546
Indianapolis	49	47	.510
Buffalo	43	44	.494
Kansas City	43	53	.448
Pittsburgh	39	43	.433
St. Louis	40	54	.426

Wisconsin-Illinois League.	W.	L.	Pct.
Oshkosh	49	31	.613
Green Bay	43	34	.556
Racine	45	36	.556
Madison	42	39	.523
Appleton	38	43	.469

TWO YORK STATE MEN LOOK FINE

McMann started for the Hawks, but after six runs were pounded off him in two innings McMann retired to the coop and Flemming replaced him. Errors mixed with heavy hitting put the Black Hawk nine in the lead when the ninth inning came around, by an eight to seven score. Flemming weakened in the pinch and the Federals crowded the sack, the tying run scoring on Stewart's hit. J. Dorn scored the winning run, scoring from second after singling, on over-throw. Hell was on the sacks but was caught at home as Dorn was racing for second.

Abraham, pitching for the Federals, allowed six hits and whiffed eight. The Federals gathered twelve off Flemming and McMann.

Summary. Black Hawks—McCue, c.; McMann and Flemming, p.; Mulligan, ss.; Doran, 1b.; Jungblut, 2b.; P. Flemming, 3b.; L. Flemming, Smith and Broderick, fielders.

Federals—Doran, c.; Abraham, p.; Stewart, ss.; Bier, 1b.; Wilson, 2b.; Porter, 3b.; Spohn, Ekert and Hell, fielders.

Stars Beat Beloit. The Janesville Stars, after losing two out of three games with the Beloit Hill Eagles, yesterday afternoon won the fourth game at Yost park, making it two and two with the Eagles. The score was six for the Stars and four for the Eagles. However, pitched a great game, allowing five hits, striking out fifteen men and allowing none to walk. Gayton, who pitched for Beloit the first five innings, allowed nine hits, eight strikeouts and walked four. Moran finished the game with three strike-outs. The Eagles were first to bat and scored in the first inning, and again scored in the second inning. Two more were obtained in the seventh inning. The Stars scored for the first time in the fourth inning. Four hits by the three out-fielders and first baseman brought in three runs. In the sixth and eighth innings the Stars scored again. Mooney and Chipman each secured a two-bagger.

Summary. Stars—Roberty, p.; Kakuske, c.; Mooney, rf.; Miller, 1b.; Viney, 2b.; Mc

Gunley, 3b.; Jackson, ss.; Spohn, c.; Hoveland, p.

Eagles—Laffin, 1b.; Garrity, cf.; H. Dodge, rf.; Moran, 1b.; C. Dodge, 2b.; Reynolds, 3b.; Anderson, ss.; Chipman, c.; Gayton, p.

Score by innings. r. h. e. Stars ... 0 0 0 1 3 1 0 1 0 6 9 1 Beloit ... 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 4 5 1

Fullerton umpired the game. Navock sub. The Stars will play the Janesville Crescents next Sunday at their new diamonds.

Games at Leyden. Two baseball games were played at Leyden, Sunday afternoon, as feature attractions to the picnic. Leyden won from the Porter nine, 21 to 6, through the effective playing of Connell, Kennedy and Britt of Janesville. Connell, in five times to bat, crowned the ball for five hits, two of which were good for extra bases. Hermanson pitched for the Leyden nine.

The second game, between the White Stars and Magnolia, was won by Magnolia, 14 to 5. The Magnolia nine scored seven runs in the sixth inning and the game was called in the seventh. Hoakenson and Olson were the battery for the Stars and Roberts and Carlson for the winners.

TEAM STANDINGS.

American Association.

Rockford 35 48 .422
Wausau 26 55 .321

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

American Association.
Milwaukee, 2; Columbus, 0-4.
Louisville, 11-7; Minneapolis, 0-4.
Indianapolis, 5-3; St. Paul, 0-1.
Kansas City, 2-2; Cleveland, 0-0.
American League.
St. Louis, 1; Boston, 0 (12 innings).
Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 2.
Cleveland, 9; Washington, 2.
Detroit, 4; New York, 3.
National League.
No games scheduled.

Federal League.
Pittsburgh, 1; Chicago, 0.
Wisconsin-Illinois League.
Oshkosh, 7; Green Bay, 3.
Twins, 1; Racine, 0.
Madison, 1; Appleton, 0.
Rockford, 2-8; Wausau, 1-3.

GAMES TUESDAY.

American League.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.
Washington at Cleveland.
New York at Detroit.
National League.
Pittsburgh at Boston.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

Chicago at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Federal League.
Chicago at Baltimore.
Kansas City at Brooklyn.
Indianapolis at Buffalo.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.

Your feet would ache if you walked from house to house of all real estate concerns in looking for the places where there are rooms for rent. A few minutes study of the Gazette Want Ads will give you a list of the most desirable places.

A straight line is the shortest distance between two points, and an ad in the Want Column is the short-cut.

DAD GRIFFITHS NO LAGGARD AT GOLF



J. R. Griffiths.

J. R. Griffiths is the dad of the Griffiths father and son brace, who tied with Dad Edwards and son in the recent Chicago golf contest pulled off for fathers and sons only.

IF you stepped into our factory every morning for your cigars you could not get any in better condition than those you will find at your dealer's.

We take care that every tobaccoist gets his Tom Moores in prime condition and not in unduly large quantities.

So every Tom Moore you buy has all its original mellow mildness. The wrapper is unbroken. The cigar is compact and "springy."

Today try the "Monarch" size.

TOM MOORE CIGAR 10¢
LITTLE TOM 5¢

Fay Lewis & Bros. Co., Milwaukee.

Buyers to Share in Profits Lower Prices on Ford Cars

Effective from August 1, 1914 to August 1, 1915 and guaranteed against any reduction during that time:

Touring Car	\$490
Runabout	440
Town Car	690

F. O. B. Detroit, all cars fully equipped. (In the United States of America only)

Further, we will be able to obtain the maximum efficiency in our factory production, and the minimum cost in our purchasing and sales departments if we can reach an output of 300,000 cars between the above dates.

And should we reach this production, we agree to pay as the buyer's share from \$40 to \$60 per car (on or about August 1, 1915) to every retail buyer who purchases a new Ford car between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

For further particulars regarding these low prices and profit-sharing plan, see the nearest Ford Branch or Dealer.

Ford Motor Company
Robt. F. Buggs, Agent. Garage, 12-18 North Academy Both Phones 407.

A Shipment of One Carload of the New Fords is Due Today. Place Your Order Early If You Want Immediate Delivery.

TENTS

We have 50 odd tents, sizes 10x12 to 60x100, 24 sizes in all, suitable for Fairs or Chautauquas, rental according to size. Put up and taken down.

American Sporting Goods Co.

Bell Phone 1408. 609 Pleasant St.

The Janesville Gazette

New Bldg. 200-201 E. Milwaukee St.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESVILLE, WIS., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

The Gazette does not knowingly accept false or fraudulent advertising. Every advertiser in its columns is printed with full confidence in the character and reliability of the advertiser and the truth of the representations made. Readers of The Gazette will confer a favor upon the publisher by reporting to the part of an advertiser to make good any representation contained in a Gazette advertisement.

DAILY EDITION	
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION	BY CARRIER
One Year	\$6.00
One Month	.50
CASH IN ADVANCE	
One Year	\$5.00
One Month	.25
BY MAIL CASH IN ADVANCE	
One Year	\$4.00
One Month	.20
Six Months	2.00
RURAL DELIVERY IN ROCK COU.	\$3.00
One Year	\$3.00

GAZETTE JULY CIRCULATION.

Sworn circulation statement of the Daily Gazette circulation of July, 1914.

DAYS	Copies	Copies
1	7450	7548
2	7450	7548
3	7533	7548
4	7533	7548
5	7533	7548
6	7533	7548
7	7533	7548
8	7533	7548
9	7533	7548
10	7533	7548
11	7533	7548
12	7533	7548
13	7533	7548
14	7533	7548
15	7533	7548
16	7533	7548
17	7533	7548
18	7533	7548
19	7533	7548
20	7533	7548
21	7533	7548
22	7533	7548
23	7533	7548
24	7533	7548
25	7533	7548
26	7533	7548
27	7533	7548
28	7533	7548
29	7533	7548
30	7533	7548
31	7533	7548
32	7533	7548
33	7533	7548
34	7533	7548
35	7533	7548
36	7533	7548
37	7533	7548
38	7533	7548
39	7533	7548
40	7533	7548
41	7533	7548
42	7533	7548
43	7533	7548
44	7533	7548
45	7533	7548
46	7533	7548
47	7533	7548
48	7533	7548
49	7533	7548
50	7533	7548
51	7533	7548
52	7533	7548
53	7533	7548
54	7533	7548
55	7533	7548
56	7533	7548
57	7533	7548
58	7533	7548
59	7533	7548
60	7533	7548
61	7533	7548
62	7533	7548
63	7533	7548
64	7533	7548
65	7533	7548
66	7533	7548
67	7533	7548
68	7533	7548
69	7533	7548
70	7533	7548
71	7533	7548
72	7533	7548
73	7533	7548
74	7533	7548
75	7533	7548
76	7533	7548
77	7533	7548
78	7533	7548
79	7533	7548
80	7533	7548
81	7533	7548
82	7533	7548
83	7533	7548
84	7533	7548
85	7533	7548
86	7533	7548
87	7533	7548
88	7533	7548
89	7533	7548
90	7533	7548
91	7533	7548
92	7533	7548
93	7533	7548
94	7533	7548
95	7533	7548
96	7533	7548
97	7533	7548
98	7533	7548
99	7533	7548
100	7533	7548

Total 196,267 divided by 26, total number of issues, 7450 Daily Average.

This is a statement of the circulation of The Janesville Daily Gazette for July, 1914, and represents the actual number of papers printed and circulated.

H. H. BLISS, Mgr.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of August, 1914.
(Seal) M. A. E. FISHER, Notary Public.
My commission expires July 2, 1916.

A JENA OR A SEDAN?

The civilized world awaits with anxiety the result of the sudden invasion of France by German troops, who without warning, violating treaty obligations, crossed the frontier line of Luxembourg, pushed the frontier line of France, and began actual war within a few hours after it had been officially declared by the "War Lord" of the Germans—Emperor William.

Will it be a Jena or a Sedan? This is the problem that confronts the French. At Jena, in 1806, the army of the great Napoleon defeated and captured the Prussian forces and the city of Berlin. At Sedan, "Napoleon the Little" lost his empire, his army, Paris was captured by thousands of Germans, and their leader, William the first, crowned emperor of all Germany, in the French capital.

For forty-four years France has but waited an opportunity to revenge itself upon its neighbor, to regain the fair territory of Alsace and Lorraine, taken as part of the war tribute levied, and wipe out the disgrace of the fight at Sedan. The opportunity has come. Germany is forcing the war upon France, and France is on the defensive. Its armies are being mobilized and hundreds of thousands of Germans are rushing towards the border to cross and take part in the great battle that is imminent.

Evidently the "War Lord of the Germans" had lost none of his cunning in his preparation for conflict. His seeming reluctance in starting actual fighting, his pose as arbitrator of the world's peace, and his delay in answering the demands of England and other nations seeking a peaceful solution of the Austrian-Servian trouble, all were a clever screen for the massing of his forces for a sudden attack upon France. It was a sharp move and should be successful in rushing France off its feet, forcing his armies within striking distance of Paris, it would be half the final victory won.

That all of Europe is now embroiled in the trouble which started out of the demand by Austria that it investigate for itself Servian affairs which it deemed detrimental to the government of territory which it seized by diplomatic wiles and whose people were foreign in tongue and religion to the rest of the empire. Even Little Switzerland, perched up in the peaks of the Alps, has sent out its appeal to its countrymen to return home for national defense.

England has also sent out an appeal across the Atlantic for the naval reserves of Canada and in the far east Japan watches like a hawk any overt move on the part of Germany to take advantage of the situation to gain English territory that it may prove itself true to the Anglo-Japanese defensive and offensive.

The world faces one of the greatest crises in its history. The Napoleonic wars, which changed the map of Europe, and left its effect upon today's civilization, were not as costly in their entirety as will be the struggle just begun. Thousands will be killed, cities will be destroyed, nations wiped out of existence, perhaps, and the great conflict between the Slavs and Teutons for world supremacy is even more of a struggle and will leave a greater lasting effect upon the world than did the great Roman empire.

A little over a hundred years ago Napoleon's forces defeated the Teuton forces at Jena. Less than seventy years later a descendant of the great leader was defeated by the descendants of these same Teutons at Sedan. Will history repeat itself? Will France stop the Teuton invasion and snatch a victory from seeming defeat, or will the victorious Germans march onward, continuing devastation? Time alone will tell.

Now is the opportunity for Janesville people to turn out and give their hearty support to the sessions of the Lincoln chautauqua that are being held here this week. It is a most excellent series of entertainments and is worthy of patronage. It is an opportunity for Janesville residents to have such a course of entertainments at their doors and they should not be backward about showing their appreciation by attending the various programs offered.

There is no use in consulting a thermometer. Walk across an asphalt pavement. If you leave heel marks, the weather is warm. There is a cat in Milwaukee that has lived forty days on beer. Other cats around the country should not be so little and grow jealous. Louisiana has repudiated horse racing, but the millennium will not arrive until she repudiates the Mardi Gras.

The foreign minister of Mexico says the national dignity has been saved. Perhaps, but was it worth saving?

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announces that the bankers of the United States have a hundred million dollars they can loan to England to meet the present European crisis if they wish to. He wisely says it is a question for the bankers themselves to decide. This money would mean that it could be used in payment for the crops of the United States which England must have during the war which has just begun, if it does not starve. It would come to the United States in actual currency.

WITH BAD GRACE.

The interstate commerce commission on Saturday granted the railroad a five per cent increase in freight charges within a limited territory, and a limited class of goods. It must have been a hard blow for this august body to give the railroads any sort of an increase and their decision shows the reluctance with which it was granted.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announces that the bankers of the United States have a hundred million dollars they can loan to England to meet the present European crisis if they wish to. He wisely says it is a question for the bankers themselves to decide. This money would mean that it could be used in payment for the crops of the United States which England must have during the war which has just begun, if it does not starve. It would come to the United States in actual currency.

With hundreds of thousands of Americans in foreign countries, with no means of returning home, owing to the stoppage of the great transatlantic liners, it is up to Uncle Sam to send a few of its transports across the pond and bring its citizens back to their native soil. They should also provide their foreign representatives with sufficient funds to finance their same travelers until they can reach their own banks. It is a critical time and prompt action is needed without any red-tape delay.

After paying his compliments to McGovern, Senator La Follette turns his attention to Mr. Phillips, the conservative republican candidate for governor, and tries to dig up an old charge against that gentleman which he made several years ago. At that time the magazine publishing it had to pay damages for printing the statement, so even the courts held it untrue.

Now is the time for the United States to gain a merchant marine without the cost of the ship subsidy measure. The seizure of vessels of foreign register by the various nations of Europe to be used as transports or cruisers will make ship-owners willing to place their boats under the American flag if only for protection.

This pleasure jaunting in automobiles throughout the transient trade at various summer hotels. Instead of putting them out of business, new ones have sprung up and the public is always seeking some novelty to amuse them on their outings.

On The Spur of The Moment

A Wonderful Invention.
Electric fan.
You to sing;
You are indeed;
A wondrous thing.
I listen to
Your merry hum.
You put hot weather
On the bum.
All day I sit
And catch your breeze,
And almost freeze.
And then I sneeze
And sneeze.
But when I step
Out of your zone
I'm doggone hot.
I'll have to own.
I must stick right
By you as I sing;
I'll sing your praises
Until I am dead.
You are the thing.
I love you well;
I hope they have you
Down in Hell.
When I mean,
The place I mean.

Some Fish.
Old H. Spink, the greatest fisherman in the United States says:
"Recently while fishing on a steam yacht in Plaster Creek I turned the tiller sharply to port to avoid striking what at first appeared to be a snag. Log covered with moss and grass and being the resting place of a snake's nest. I did not turn quickly enough, however, and the collision awoke the sturgeon which I had a first taken for a log. I reached for a boat-hook and tried to spear him, but he only raised his head a little, laughed and dove from sight. Quickly grasping the brass railing of the yacht I baited it in feverish haste, and in a moment an empty beer barrel to the cable for a bobber. I threw my tackle overboard and anxiously awaited a bite. In a few moments my prey began to nibble, and I then tied the end of the cable to the capstan and grasped the tiller. As soon as he began towing the yacht I reversed the engines and braced the tiller, and was able to land the fish by winding up the capstan and shooting him with a three-inch rapid firing gun used on the yacht for saluting purposes."

"When we dressed him we found in his interior the following goods: Thirty feet of half-inch cable, one brass anchor, two ham bones, 16 barrel staves, two iron hoops, a sofa pillow, a treasure from the Orient, a cake of soap, a life preserver, 20 pounds of clam shells, a quart of buckshot and the three-inch shot from our cannon. The small shot were of a kind used by the Indians at 82 years."

Uncle Abner.
There is never much use in trying to scrape acquaintance with a fellow who has got a new automobile. There isn't a quick lunch fiend in this country who has got enough strength of mind to begin eating a piece of pie anywhere but at the small end.

Deacons ain't so 'straigh' laced as they used to be, but they're quite a lot safer in a boss trade.

If there was a law agin' goin' to church every body would want to be there an hour and a half before the service started and there wouldn't be standing room.

One of the freaks of human nature is the fact that the crowd is always disappointed when the firemen get the fire under control before it has done any damage.

There is nobody so unhappy as the fellow who spends his time tryin' to figure out the future.

As long as the factories continue to make red neckties somebody will wear 'em.

Signs of the Times.
Bitter feeling in the navy against Secretary Daniels is reported. You can lead a naval officer to grape juice, but you can't make him drink it.

There is no use in consulting a thermometer. Walk across an asphalt pavement. If you leave heel marks, the weather is warm. There is a cat in Milwaukee that has lived forty days on beer. Other cats around the country should not be so little and grow jealous. Louisiana has repudiated horse racing, but the millennium will not arrive until she repudiates the Mardi Gras.

The foreign minister of Mexico says the national dignity has been saved. Perhaps, but was it worth saving?

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announces that the bankers of the United States have a hundred million dollars they can loan to England to meet the present European crisis if they wish to. He wisely says it is a question for the bankers themselves to decide. This money would mean that it could be used in payment for the crops of the United States which England must have during the war which has just begun, if it does not starve. It would come to the United States in actual currency.

thermometer. Walk across an asphalt pavement. If you leave heel marks, the weather is warm. There is a cat in Milwaukee that has lived forty days on beer. Other cats around the country should not be so little and grow jealous. Louisiana has repudiated horse racing, but the millennium will not arrive until she repudiates the Mardi Gras.

The foreign minister of Mexico says the national dignity has been saved. Perhaps, but was it worth saving?

AUTOMOBILE TRADE CONTINUES TO BOOM

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Detroit, Mich., August 3.—If the automobile industry may be taken as a criterion of prosperity, 1915 will be a banner year. With reports of record crops from all sections of the Central West, the great automobile plants of Michigan are putting the greatest output in the history of their remarkable growth.

In a number of instances the plans of Michigan companies all for an output that will exceed the sales of the current year by not less than fifty per cent. Not the slightest doubt exists among local dealers, who constantly retain a hand on the pulse of the automobile trade, that the production of 1915 cars will far exceed all previous records.

Taking the lead with the sale of exactly 203,194 cars in a period of nine months ending July 1, 1914, the Ford company has set the pace which the other companies declare they will have no difficulty in keeping up. This phenomenal output by a single concern, while it seems staggeringly large, is only the tip of the iceberg in the pool, according to automobile manufacturers. Every Michigan company of note has completely disposed of its 1914 output, and preparations are being made to meet the increased demand by enlarging the capacity of their plants. That the swift evolution of the automobile has not reached its crest, manufacturers say, is made plain by the fact that the renewed efforts on the part of manufacturers to outstrip the season just opening.

COP GIVEN \$200 PURSE FOR SLAPPING LEGISLATOR
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Rome, Aug. 3.—Policeman Guglielmo Caracciolo is today \$200 richer for having slapped the deputy of a socialist member of parliament. Caracciolo also will receive a medal as soon as it can be suitably designed and coined.

During the recent socialist strike in Italy, Deputy Dugoni found himself at the head of a body of demonstrators. In every conflict with the police or military Dugoni managed to escape physical mauling, up, asserting himself as a member of parliament, and defying anyone to touch him.

Dugoni's bluff remained effective until he met Policeman Caracciolo. The latter decided that while the deputy's body might be inviolable, he would take a chance that his face wasn't, and slapped it twice, inviting the furious deputy later to take said face back to parliament and show it to the members.

Deputy Altobelli, a fellow socialist member of parliament, but belonging to a faction opposed to the strike, took up a subscription of 1,500 people to contribute towards the purse and the medal.

URGENT PROHIBITION OF SLAUGHTER OF CALVES

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Chicago, Ill., August 3.—Prohibition of the slaughter of calves under two years old as a means of conserving the beef supply and incidentally plugging the constantly growing leak in the consumer's pocket-book, was one of the principal topics of the convention of the national convention of the United States Butchers of America which assembled here today. Another question, almost equal in importance, was enactment of a law supplementing the federal statutes for the regulation of the sale of meats.

To consider these questions, one thousand delegates from all parts of the country, with an equal number of exhibitors, met here today. Large delegations came from St. Louis, Cincinnati, New York, and Milwaukee. Arrangements had been made to entertain 10,000 guests to attend during the week of sessions.

Discussing the work of the convention, Secretary John H. Schofield, of St. Louis, said that for ten years the butchers' association have been the coming party of meat and as a result of beef which already has been to be felt throughout the country.

REPUBLICAN CHAIRMEN OF NINE STATES MEET IN CHICAGO "LOVE FEAST"

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Chicago, Ill., Aug. 3.—The Republican state chairmen of nine central states met here this afternoon at the invitation of Chairman J. H. Hays of Indiana to exchange ideas and enthusiasm. The states represented were Illinois, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, West Virginia, Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Indiana. Mr. Hays said before the meeting that there was something hidden in their plan, and that they merely wished to get acquainted, exchange ideas and arrange the speakers in the campaigns that are to come.

"I feel that this conference will be productive of great good in the Republican party in these states," he said. In his letter inviting the chairmen to take dinner with him, Mr. Hays said that the states represented were similar and that doubtless the campaign methods used could be applied with modification in all states. He said the Republican party was making gains in Indiana and expected to carry the state.

The party met in the Congress hotel. They were to be the guests of Mr. Hays at a 6 o'clock dinner.

At The Apollo.
"An American Citizen," one of the greatest successes in the history of the modern stage, which comes to the Apollo for today only, is a thrilling, new story of adventure and misadventure, fortunes and misfortunes, intrigues and any number of comic complications, which center about a young American, who, in the midst of his domestic life, is suddenly forced to his patriotism, though for a time, due to chivalrous impulse, he is forced to forego his American citizenship which he eventually regains together with love and fortune. In a dramatic role, the role of Beresford Cruger, the American hero of the story, renders a peculiarly suitable impersonation, and adds another artistic achievement to his list of stellar triumphs.

Wearing the Surplice.
Surplice is the Latin super-pellicium, meaning that which is worn over a fur or fur jacket. As the jacket worn by the peasants, and for that matter by all classes, was apt to get dirty and unsightly, a kind of smock frock, that could be washed when necessary, was worn over it—and this was called the super-pellicium, the surplice.

Busy men who want help, want to buy or sell anything, or want to lease or secure a lease, can fill their wants quickly by telling them by telephone to the Gazette Want Ad Dept. Call 77-2.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

PLANS COMPLETED FOR STATE MEET; GOLFERS IN TRIM

Ned Allie is Picked by One Critic as the Possible Winner—Other Notes on the Tourney.

The set of plans outlining the running of the state golf tournament to be held in Milwaukee this fall, have been thoroughly decided upon, and all preparations for a big event started. The following paragraphs are notes on the tourney which promises thrills from the start to finish.

Some Milwaukee newspaper man, writing under the nom de guerre of "Col. Bogey," has been guessing as to the identity of the coming Wisconsin champion, who will win the title at the tourney to be held Aug. 10 to 15 at the Milwaukee Country club. Col. Bogey's picks are as follows:

No. 1—Ned Allie, Milwaukee C. C.
No. 2—R. P. O'Connell, Kenosha.
No. 3—Gordon Yule, Kenosha.
No. 4—Malcolm Kehler, Kenosha.
No. 5—Walter Lindsay, Milwaukee C. C.
No. 6—Edmund Veech, Tom Rose of Harold Center, Sheboygan.
No. 7—Robert Gordon, La Crosse.
No. 8—Phil Dickinson, Appleton.
No. 9—Harry Hadfield, Blue Mound.
No. 10—Harry Davis, Blue Mound.

Car to Ground.
The Milwaukee Northern railway, the interurban line which is the route by which players in the state golf tournament may get to the grounds, has arranged to run a special car from downtown early in the morning to take golfers to the grounds. The regular cars which go to the club at 8 o'clock will be replaced by a car every two hours, but the new arrangement will aid the early morning starters all of tournament week, and there will be a return car in the afternoon.

Local Playing Site.
The Milwaukee Country club, where this year's state golf tournament is to be held the week of Aug. 10, is the most beautiful of the state golf courses, used for any purpose. The club house is of concrete and has spacious locker rooms, baths, dining rooms and an immense piazza and lounge room for the comfort of golfers between rounds.

To Use Course for Practices.
The week before the Wisconsin state golf tournament will see the Milwaukee Country club course turned over to the golfers of the state for preliminary practice. It is expected that the Kenosha players will be in Milwaukee almost all during the week, and that they will be accustomed to the hazards and other conditions of the course, the putting green, and the like, so that there can be no mistakes about the shots when the time comes to make them. There is a good deal of interest in the prospective scores, not only among the Milwaukee club members, but also among the general public, where the players are well acquainted with the course, where the tournament is to be played the week of Aug. 10.

The Blue Mounders in a nineteenth hole match the other day started a pool on the score which will take the qualifying medal, and another on the highest score which will qualify. The bets on the medal score are in the neighborhood of a pair of \$75, while some of the figure up to \$75. This on a basis of bogey 32 indicates the prospective speed of the tournament player this year. On the other pool, the bets are in the neighborhood of a pair of \$75 to \$100.

Expect Large Crowd.
The attendance for the up-state golf tournament does not seem to be on record at this year's state golf tournament at the Milwaukee Country club the week of Aug. 10. Chicago, the club at Blue Lake, will have a large crowd of players, and the Milwaukee Country club will have a huge entry list, having already filled a list of twenty-seven names. The Kenosha club will have about twenty players, and there will be a large crowd of spectators for the Yule cup on Tuesday of tournament week, this list of players alone tallies fifty.

Arrange Housing Scheme.
The Milwaukee Country club will arrange a unique housing scheme for some of the up-state golf clubs which will beat the state tournament. The week before the tournament, the club will have a huge entry list, having already filled a list of twenty-seven names. The Kenosha club will have about twenty players, and there will be a large crowd of spectators for the Yule cup on Tuesday of tournament week, this list of players alone tallies fifty.

At The Apollo.
"An American Citizen," one of the greatest successes in the history of the modern stage, which comes to the Apollo for today only, is a thrilling, new story of adventure and misadventure, fortunes and misfortunes, intrigues and any number of comic complications, which center about a young American, who, in the midst of his domestic life, is suddenly forced to his patriotism, though for a time, due to chivalrous impulse, he is forced to forego his American citizenship which he eventually regains together with love and fortune. In a dramatic role, the role of Beresford Cruger, the American hero of the story, renders a peculiarly suitable impersonation, and adds another artistic achievement to his list of stellar triumphs.

Wearing the Surplice.
Surplice is the Latin super-pellicium, meaning that which is worn over a fur or fur jacket. As the jacket worn by the peasants, and for that matter by all classes, was apt to get dirty and unsightly, a kind of smock frock, that could be washed when necessary, was worn over it—and this was called the super-pellicium, the surplice.

Busy men who want help, want to buy or sell anything, or want to lease or secure a lease, can fill their wants quickly by telling them by telephone to the Gazette Want Ad Dept. Call 77-2.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Buy it in Janesville. It's cheaper.

Evansville News

EVANSVILLE MINISTER WEDDED LAST TUESDAY

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Evansville, August 3.—On Tuesday, July 28th, Norman Gould Oliver, minister of the Evansville Baptist church, and Miss Martha Evelyn Ehlers of Chicago, were united in marriage at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Miller, 4337 Hazel Avenue, Chicago, Ill. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. James Milton Hess, minister of the Prairie Avenue Baptist church, Chicago. Mr. Hess was a fraternity brother and classmate of the groom at the University of Chicago.

Mr.

My Dental Office

an ideal office for Particular People.
White Enamel. Sanitary furnishings.
Equipment kept up-to-date with the
latest improvements of the profession.
DR. F. T. RICHARDS
PAINLESS DENTIST.
Office Over Rehberg's.

Our New
Banking Home

Will be ready for occupancy in a very few days. When finished we will have one of the finest equipped and most modern banking offices in the State of Wisconsin. You will be proud to point to it as your bank.

Why not start your account now before we move?

3% on Savings.

The First
National Bank

Established 1855.

3 Per Cent. Mortgages 6 Per Cent.

Farm mortgages are not affected by war scares, financial depression, change in administration and the various other disturbing agencies that play havoc with many securities. They will remain the safest and most substantial form of security as long as nature sends us four seasons each year.

We have some very well secured 6% farm mortgages for sale.

W. O. Newhouse

15 W. Milw. St.

Hippodrome

For the best pictures in town every night, 5c.
Saturday and Sunday, 5c and 10c.

For A 1 Thrilling
Coal Try
Decker's

YOU WILL LIKE IT.

Wiliet T. Decker

528 N. Bluff.

Both Phones.

FOR SALE—One 20x30 foot wall tent and banner camp. Russell's Hack, Bus and Baggage Line, 27-29 So. Bluff St. 13-3-13-31.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Three or four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. First ward preferred. 415 Madison St. 9-3-31.

FOR SALE—150 head of cattle, including new milch cows, springers, feeding steers, young bulls and heifers. Metzinger & Dawson. 21-3-31.

MONEY TO LOAN on first class Rock County real estate. Call on J. W. Beasdale or F. Burton. Bell phone 38-3-31.

LOST—Black leather hand-bag Saturday on So. Main St. Finder please save at Bates Grocery store. 25-3-31.

FOR RENT—Sept. 1st modern 3rd ward house, close in, good location. Bell phone 813. 11-3-31.

FOR SALE—At once, quite reasonably, beautiful home on East Street, nice barn, excellent location, modern in every respect, hot water heat. This is worth your consideration. Phone R. C. 845 White. 33-3-31.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. L. C. Brownell 442 Garfield Ave. Forest Park. 4-3-31.

WANTED—Woman to do washing at the house. R. C. Phone 864 White. 4-3-31.

TIMELY HINTS FROM

F. H. GREEN & SON

Car of baled shavings on track. If you need them for ice houses, bed, etc., call us.

Five bright straw, timothy or alfalfa hay. Old oats will soon be off the market so if you want to feed them for a few days yet order now.

Gran. Midds. Old Meal, Ground Feed, etc., at lowest possible prices when you consider quality.

We buy in large quantities and make you close prices.

Use Conkey's Fly Knocker for stock protection. Keeps them free from flies and lets you milk with safety.

30c per gal. 50c qt.

Spray pumps 50c.

Salvet is a great conditioner and remedy for sheep, hogs and horses.

We wholesale and retail, car lots or less. We buy or sell anything in our line if it's right.

F. H. GREEN & SON 8-3-31.

RULERS RESPONSIBLE
FOR AWFUL UPHEAVAL

THEIR NEGLECT TO SERVE PEOPLE CAUSE FOR PRESENT CRISIS SAYS LECTURER.

CROWDS HEAR CORKEY

Sunday Programs at Chautauqua Are Enjoyed by Large Audiences—Jubilee Singers Please.

CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA ON PROGRAM TUESDAY

The celebrated Brooks' Symphony Orchestra will be one of the leading attractions of the Chautauqua program for Tuesday. The program is as follows:
2:30—Concert—Brooks' Symphony Orchestra.
3:15—"Winning the Nation's" Greatest Fight, Dr. E. L. Eaton.
4:30—Grand Concert—Brooks' Symphony Orchestra.

"The trouble in Europe today is that the rulers are not the servants of the people, but the people are the subject servants of the rulers." This significant analytical statement of the present European upheaval was made by Dr. Alexander Corkey, noted minister, author and lecturer, at the dress Sunday afternoon at the Jamesville chautauqua. He spoke to an audience which completely filled the large auditorium tent and was greeted by another large crowd in the evening. He was a pleasing speaker, in dress and power who brings home his message with emphasis and conviction.

In speaking again on the cataclysm in European countries Dr. Corkey said: "As we look at things over in Europe today, it seems as if conditions are as bad as they possibly could be and we wonder if the gospel condition has been forgotten. But it might as well be forgotten when the world is in such a state of confusion as this. The normal condition of the world is the normal condition of the world. Crime and war are now the abnormal, not the normal. Before the present war was over we expected to see the props knocked from the gilded thrones of the thoughtless, selfish rulers."

The subject of Dr. Corkey's address was "A Gospel Message From Ireland." In his opening remarks he said:

"I was born in Ireland," he began, "and the only reason I left it was because I couldn't take it with me." "There are more than 100,000,000 of us in the United States that are Irish and we are the Irish in this country could have their say they would ditch Ireland to a steamer and float it across to this country and anchor it in New York harbor. When they get here they would not adapt themselves for they know this country. They know that it is the land of the free."

"If I were to choose a text for this nation," he went on, "I would choose the line from Romans which says: 'I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for the American is not ashamed of his religion; the American is proud of religion; the American is proud of the great battleships in the service of Uncle Sam in one of the many harbors of this great country. It is Sunday morning and the stars and stripes in the center of the flag are streaming from the flagstaff.'

"Presently an old sailor appears and slowly he draws the flag of his country to half mast. Then he takes a small black flag with a white cross in the center. The flag of Christianity, and hoists it to the height of the American flag where for an instant it stops and then two flags wave side by side for a short time; then the black flag is drawn higher until the top is reached where it waves, the only flag that is ever allowed to stay above the stars and stripes. So on every dollar we have our motto: 'E Pluribus Unum.' Recently the good state of Pennsylvania enacted a law that in every school in the state a bible shall be placed and the teacher shall be required to read ten verses every day."

"We need a great deal of help, for by it only can our sins be cleansed. If we did not sin there would be no need for the gospel, but as it is our need is great. Without the gospel there would be much worse than they are."

"America today shows the result of the gospel. The last words of President McKinley at the time of his death were: 'I am God's will. His will be done.' And should you see President Wilson how he came to be president he would tell you the incident in his youth when he witnessed the inauguration of Governor Brewer in Mississippi and noted his mother if she was not proud of her son. The mother answered: 'I am proud of him, but not as proud of him as I was when he joined the church.' These words made a great impression on him and he has always remembered that still more glory rested in being a Christian than in being president."

"Last evening Dr. Corkey spoke on 'The world of the future and the future of the world.' The music was given by the Mason Jubilee company, the program in the evening being more on the popular order. Dr. Stephen Everett Crowe gave an interesting talk on the Panama canal and the coming Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco. Dr. Crowe is closely connected with the building of the exposition and well qualified to talk on the subject."

The Jubilee company gave two excellent programs of negro songs that met the enthusiastic approval of the audience. In the afternoon the selections had a devotional tinge and a number of the old negro camp meeting songs were sung. Some of the favorites which were given in the most approved style were:

"Don't you hear dem bells?" "Steal away to Jesus." "Joshua fought the battle of Jericho." "Life is like a mountain railway." "That gospel train am coming." In addition to these Mr. Joseph Mills gave a reading entitled "When Malinda sings," and the three ladies sang, "The Lord is My Shepherd."

On the result of the two games which will be played Tuesday and Wednesday rests the leadership of the playground indoor baseball league. Tuesday the Adams and Washington schools will clash, while on Wednesday the Jefferson and Washington schools will meet. The Jefferson will hold the initial position. At the present time the Jefferson nine is in the lead with two games won and none lost. Following are the percentages:

Jefferson 2 0 1.000
Webster 1 0 1.000
Adams 1 1 .500
Washington 0 2 .000

PLAYGROUND LEAGUE LEADERSHIP WILL BE DECIDED THIS WEEK

On the result of the two games which will be played Tuesday and Wednesday rests the leadership of the playground indoor baseball league. Tuesday the Adams and Washington schools will clash, while on Wednesday the Jefferson and Washington schools will meet. The Jefferson will hold the initial position. At the present time the Jefferson nine is in the lead with two games won and none lost. Following are the percentages:

Jefferson 2 0 1.000
Webster 1 0 1.000
Adams 1 1 .500
Washington 0 2 .000

Not His Fault.
Man at Desk—"Why do you claim a trombone player is less of a bore than a pianist?" Man in Chair—"He is because he doesn't get the chance. He doesn't find a trombone in every home he visits."—New York Alpha.

PERSONAL MENTION.

W. H. McBain, chief engineer state school for blind, has returned from a three weeks' outing at Long Lake and other northern points.

Miss Fritz McBain of Pleasant street is laid up with a sprained foot. William Heider, William McDonald, Valentine Mott, John Ferguson, Charles Hayes, Victor Hemming, Louis King and Harold Amerphol returned home today after a week's outing at Lake Delavan.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Amerphol and Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Welsh motored to Lake Delavan yesterday.

The Misses Louise Gamm of Fort Atkinson, Frances Jackson and Phyllis Kelly of this city and Messrs. Louis Hayes, Edward Atwood and Allen Dearborn were visitors at Lake Delavan yesterday.

The Misses Phoebe McManus and Eloise Field and Messrs. Victor Gamm and Edward Koehler were guests of friends at Delavan Lake Sunday.

Paul Richards motored from Delavan Sunday and returned today.

Miss Mary Healy of Madison spent Sunday in Jamesville, leaving this morning for Chicago, there to spend the coming two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Fred Banks, formerly of this city.

Mrs. Fred Ford of Fox Lake, Illinois, spent the day in Jamesville.

George Dooley of Eldena, Illinois, spent Sunday with local relatives.

Martin Anderson and wife of Stoughton were business visitors in this city Saturday.

Joseph P. Gillespie is home from Grays Lake, Illinois.

Mrs. Herman Danks and daughter of Avalon were over Sunday visitors in Jamesville.

Mr. and Mrs. George Burke and the Messrs. Allen and Betty Barker, also McGowan motored up from Beloit Sunday to attend the Chautauqua.

John Dowd of Rockford is spending the day in Jamesville.

Miss Charlotte Fess of Madison is spending a few days with Mrs. H. R. Goff of North street.

Mrs. M. H. Kloth of Western avenue, who has been on the sick list, is rapidly improving in health.

Miss Margaret Beyer of Willowdale is the guest of Mrs. George Quade of Western street.

Miss Tena Schmidt of Watertown is spending the week in this city with her aunt, Mrs. H. Schmidt.

Frank Connolly of Racine spent Sunday in Jamesville.

Martin J. Knowles of Lima is a business visitor in Jamesville today.

John Dee of Chicago spent the day Saturday in this city.

Miss Marion Proctor and Ray Merick, Mrs. Minnie Elmer, Miss Isabelle Nolan and Earl Merick, Mr. Kerber and Mayne Jones, Miss Gertrude Bradley and Jack McCue, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Dr. G. B. Thuerer, are spending a two weeks' vacation at Lake Waubesa.

Misses Julia Connors, Mamie Dulla, Margaret Donahue, Anna Sullivan, Nellie Cronin and Juliet and Loretta Foley of Chicago are on a two weeks' vacation at Lake Waubesa, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Nick Reed.

Today the following young ladies are on a week's outing at Lake Waubesa: Miss Eleanor Welch, Chicago; Essie Murphy, Amelia Peshl, Ann Peshl, Grace Gillespie, Gertrude Courtney, Irene Heagney, Lydia McKibbin, Mary Milford and Helen Woods. The young ladies were accompanied by Mrs. Bert Van Houten and Mrs. Heagney.

Mrs. Fred Feitz has returned from Milwaukee, where she has been visiting relatives for a week.

Miss Hattie Kueck left Saturday noon for Chicago where she will be with her brother, Fred Kueck.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Child and daughter, Frances, and Mr. and Mrs. John Terry spent Wednesday at Yost park.

Carl Child and daughter, Frances, and Miss Alice Powers, were Beloit visitors Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Cronin of 425 Eastern avenue, are expected home today from a trip through the eastern states. They have been visiting in Washington, Baltimore, New York City and Utica, New York, and also attended the national convention of the A. O. H. held at Norfolk, Virginia.

Mrs. Carl Williams and daughter of Belvidere, who arrived in Jamesville Saturday to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Williams, are expected to be here today.

James Madden of Chicago, arrived in Jamesville this morning and will spend the coming two weeks with relatives in Johnston.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Sankey of Harlen, North Dakota, are in the city, called here by the death of the late Mrs. George Collins.

Miss Gertrude Cobb, state secretary of the Wisconsin Librarians' association during the past year, returned to Beloit today after attending the annual joint convention of both Wisconsin and Michigan delegates, held from the 28th through the 31st of July at Marinette and Menominee.

Louis Levy spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Harry Raby and Henry Ford rode to Clear Lake on their bicycles yesterday.

W. H. Dougherty is in Minneapolis this week attending the Knights of Columbus convention which is being held in that city.

Helen Merrill of Edgerton was a Jamesville visitor Sunday.

Joseph Fisher left this morning on a business trip to Kansas points, before returning he intends to spend some time in Denver, Colorado.

Engene Brown, Verne Dennett, and Nevada McCarthy were in Rockford Sunday.

Shields left on their annual buying trip to New York this morning. Before returning Mr. Shields intends to transact business in Boston.

Ella Carlson of Chicago's Garment store was in Rockford yesterday.

Miss Marie Grinnell leaves tomorrow for a visit with relatives in Washington and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murphy of Plattville, who have been visiting in this city, left this morning for a visit with friends in Broadhead.

The Misses Ethel and Marion Jenkins, Genevieve McGinley, Hazel Myhr, Marion Proctor, Fests Brandy and Mr. Lake Waubesa for the past ten days, returned home this morning.

J. H. Gately has returned home from an extended business trip through the west.

Dr. and Mrs. G. B. Thuerer of Monroe street, the Misses Gertrude Bradley, Mamie Jones, Ora Paul, Marion Proctor and Misses Gertrude Bradley, Jack McCue, P. Duffy Roy and Merrick and Mr. Hugenan left Saturday for Lake Waubesa, where they expect to remain two weeks. They have two cottages and carry along their own chef.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Amerphol and Harold Amerphol were Delavan Lake visitors on Sunday. Harold Amerphol will spend the next week at the guest of Mr. Richards, at the Richards cottage.

Mrs. J. A. Strimble and daughter, Louise, returned from a visit in Peoria, Ill., on Saturday. They were accompanied by Mrs. Strimble's sister, Mrs. Charles Zill, who will spend the month of August in this city.

George E. Davis and Frank Brown, of Lena, Ill., motored to Jamesville and spent the day Sunday.

John G. Nichols left yesterday for Kansas City, where he will attend a convention of the Eagles, held in that city this week.

Victor Hemming, William McDonald and John Ferguson spent Sunday at Delavan Lake.

George Broderick and Arthur Searles of Broadhead, spent Sunday in this city with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Hartman and William Kibbe of Broadhead are visitors in this city today.

Albert Hatherall of Los Angeles, California, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Ida Fern of Pearl street.

Mr. and Mrs. M. McDermott of Winthrop, Minn., are the guests of their mother, Mrs. G. K. Glass of Pearl street.

The Reverend E. J. Evans and wife, of St. Paul's Episcopal church of Beloit, are the guests for a few days of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Nichols of 515 W. Main.

Allen Dearborn came down from Ft. Atkinson to spend Sunday at home; he returned this morning.

Gardner Kavelage left today for Waushara Beach, Wis., where he will be the guest of friends for a week.

Miss Charlotte Charlton, home from Madison where she has been attending summer school.

Mrs. Horatio Nelson and daughter, Mary, left today for a visit in eastern trip. They will visit relatives in Johnston, Pa., Trenton, New Jersey and at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Sue Wilcox returned from a ten days' vacation at Lake Waubesa, where she was the guest of Mrs. Ruth Kline for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Welsh and Miss Evelyn Welsh spent Sunday at Delavan Lake. Miss Evelyn returns today to the lake where she will be the guest of Mrs. Ruth Kline for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Achteberg, and Mrs. Frank Smith spent Saturday at Lake Geneva.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Peltz have gone to Red Cedar Lake, Wisconsin, for a few days' outing.

For Evans of Evansville, spent Saturday in this city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Rich and daughter, Mary, left today for a visit in eastern trip. They will leave today for a two weeks' outing at Delavan Lake.

Mrs. Florence Ivam of Ft. Atkinson, is the guest of Mrs. J. B. Dearborn of Cherry street.

Ray Lee spent a day in Evansville the last of the week.

John Reeder has gone to Orlerville to be the guest of his son, Edward Reeder and family, for several days.

Miss Beulah Ransom is entertaining her friend, Miss Ruth Waugh, of Avalon, who is here on a visit.

Miss Blanche Vandewater of Ft. Atkinson, Wis., was an over Sunday guest of Jamesville friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burpee and family, of St. Lawrence Ave., have returned from their summer home at Lake Koshkonong, where they have been for several weeks.

Miss Clara Hanson of Terrace street has returned from an extended eastern trip. Miss Hanson visited Detroit, Buffalo, Boston, Cambridge and other eastern cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schaller of South Main street, spent Sunday at the Caracajou club at Lake Koshkonong.

William Corneau spent Sunday in this city with his family, from Rockford.

Elmer Borbeav of Evansville, was a visitor in Jamesville on Saturday.

Mrs. William Lamb had for her guest last week her sister, Mrs. Chas. Mackwell of Avalon.

John Jacobson is spending several days in Brocton where he is a guest of Mrs. Christ Christenson.

William Hyder spent the week-end at Delavan lake with friends.

Louis Hayes and a party of friends motored to Orlerville on Sunday. Carl Blodgett and Sydney Bostwick spent Sunday at Lake Kegonsa.

Mrs. T. W. Nuzum and son and daughter have taken a cottage at Delavan Lake for the month of August.

Mrs. E. L. Lukin of Edgerton, Ind., is visiting her brother, S. A. Warner. She made the trip by auto.

Maurice Dalton, James Quinn, Martin Timmons, Emmett Connors, Claude Dalton, Walter Quinn, and Fred and Frank Fraunfelder attended the Philadelphia-Chicago baseball game in Chicago yesterday.

Miss Katherine Dawson of Cherry street returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives in Milwaukee and Evansville.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sykes and family, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Church, Miss Inez Baker, Grace Shook and Walter Will left Sunday for a week's outing at Charley Bluff, Lake Koshkonong.

Harold McKewan and Frank and Ira Hugenin left yesterday morning for Milwaukee, where they will remain a few days.

Mrs. Geo. Tole and daughter, Miss Emma Tole, returned today from a few days' stay at Glenwood Springs, Lake Geneva.

F. S. Gleason has returned home from an eastern vacation trip.

TEN JAMESVILLE GIRLS TO CAMP AT WAUBESA

A party of ten young ladies left Sunday morning for a week's outing at Lake Waubesa, with Mrs. Rose Heagney as chaperone. Those comprising the party were: The Misses Melia and Anna Peschl, Essie Murphy, Irene Heagney, Gertrude Courtney, Julia McKibbin, Grace Gillespie, Bess Wood, May Milford, Helen Wood.

Gum Arabic and Plaster of Paris. Into a thick solution of gum arabic stir plaster of paris until the mixture assumes the consistency of cream. Apply with a brush to the broken edges of china and join together. In three days the article cannot be broken in the same place. The whiteness of the cement adds to its value.

Discouraged.
"Don't you dance?" "No," replied Mr. Meekton. "Haven't you tried to learn?" "Yes. The lady I employed was a very competent instructor. But I can't see any sense in a man's paying a woman to find fault with him."

YOUTH FACES TERM
IN STATE'S PRISON
FOR FORGING CHECKS

Earl Conklin Pleads Guilty to Serious Charges—Captured After Two Long Chases.

Earl Conklin, aged 21 years, will be sentenced by Municipal Judge Harry L. Maxfield in the Jamesville court tomorrow morning at ten o'clock for passing forged checks to the amount of \$104 in Evansville Saturday night. Young Conklin was brought before Judge Maxfield and after waiving his right to a jury trial, pleaded guilty to the charges which carry a long prison term for the youth.

Conklin's arrest followed two sensational chases by the Evansville authorities in which revolver shots were employed to catch the youth in his attempt to escape. Conklin has been employed at the J. C. Krause livery stable in Evansville for the past three months and on Saturday night committed the crime which led to his arrest. Between the hours of nine and ten o'clock, shortly before the stores would be closing, Conklin was seen by the police in the city and he was well known by the merchants. He had no trouble in cashing his forged checks on the Bank of Evansville in payment for articles he purchased. The checks were cashed at the stores of the following people: Henry Gardner, E. J. Ballard, L. Van Wert, Economy store, and the establishment of Ray Gilman. The amount of the checks was \$104 and the checks were in the following amounts: \$10, \$30, two for \$22, and the last for \$18.

As people knew that he was employed by Krause, little was thought of the youth at the time he was caught. At the Van Wert store, Conklin purchased a kodak valued at \$16.50 and gave one of the \$22 checks in payment. At the Economy store the youth paid for a \$27 watch with the \$30 check.

One of the dealers, after closing his store, inquired of Krause the authenticity of the checks and on finding that they were forged immediately notified the authorities and search was started for Conklin.

Nightwatchman Blunk, at a late hour found the youth at the railroad station and started to take him to the station. After walking about two blocks Conklin broke away from the officer and darted down a nearby alley. Blunk and another officer followed him and fired two shots at the fleeing youth, but none were effective. Police in nearby cities were notified and a wide search started throughout southern Wisconsin after the youth had escaped.

Conklin had escaped from Evansville. On Sunday morning Fred Gilman, police official, received a phone message that Conklin was at Lake Kegonsa, a popular resort on the Wisconsin shore of Lake Michigan.

Having identified him and reported the discovery to the police, Cal Broughton, Fred Gilman and C. Johnson went in an automobile to the lake and started search in the vicinity. Broughton was left at the railroad station while the other officers went in an automobile to the Ellis place, where Conklin had been seen.

While on the way the officers discovered the man wanted and gave chase as Conklin started to run. The youth was chased toward Officer Broughton at the station and two shots were fired at him in an attempt to stop him. After a chase of nearly five miles through the fields, Conklin was exhausted and was finally caught by Officer Broughton and taken to the jail for safe-keeping until court hour this morning.

In court this morning Conklin had no excuse to offer for his guilty act and was asked for immediate sentence. As no information had been filed in the case, Judge Maxfield, after hearing the testimony, committed Conklin to the county jail until Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, when sentence will be passed. Conklin gave his home as Milwaukee, but the police said he had been in Beloit at one time and had police trouble there for the theft of a bicycle, for which he was sent to Green Bay reformatory school.

Total amount of cash obtained by Conklin amounted to \$53.25 and of this amount \$41.02 was recovered by the authorities. The watch and kodak and other articles purchased by the youth will be returned to the owners.

OBITUARY.

St. Patrick's church filed this morning with friends and neighbors who gathered to pay respects to the memory of the late Mrs. Jerome Collins, oldest daughter and child of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Collins, Chestnut street. The Royal Neighbors, of which the deceased was a faithful member, attended in a body. Father William Mahoney celebrated the funeral mass and held a funeral tribute to the memory of the departed. Frances Donnelly Collins was born and grew to womanhood in Jamesville, and numbered her friends by all sections of the state. Left behind her a memory like a fragrant benediction and to her husband and little son, to her parents, brothers and sisters, the sympathy of the community is tenderly extended.

WOMAN'S PAGE

The Evening Chit-Chat

BY RUTH CAMERON

WHY ARE YOU GENEROUS?

WE WERE discussing the character of a mutual acquaintance the other day. Someone called him selfish; someone else defended him. As one article in his defense a lavish gift to a neighbor's child was mentioned.

"It doesn't prove anything," retorted his critic, "he likes to give things to Ruth. He's fond of her. He doesn't do it because he's unselfish. He does it because he likes to."

The talk swung off to other points for and against the defendant, but I did not follow it further because I was traveling down the vista which the critic had opened up.

"He doesn't do it because he's unselfish. He does it because he likes to."

How confused, crisscrossed and but partially understood by the wisest of us are the springs of human action!

And how difficult, nay how impossible, even if one could see straight into men's hearts and could understand these springs of action, would it be to measure and weigh human goodness and say, "This man is better than that," "the other deserves more credit than this."

This man's critic denied him credit for his generosity because he enjoyed it. How much of all the generosity in the world do you suppose is entirely free from the motive of self-gratification?

The lowest motive for generosity is to win approval and gratitude. We want to be praised, we want to be thought well of and so we give. Such generosity is like the carous of a cat, that coldest and most self-contained of domesticated animals, which under a scratch of affection rubs up against your arm merely to scratch its back.

Infinitely above this is the desire to make someone whom we love happy, but is not this also a form of self-gratification? If you love anyone very dearly you enjoy their pleasure. In giving to a friend you give to another self.

To give without any wish for gratitude and to give to someone whom you do not love, merely because you wish to benefit humanity—this is the highest, the purest and of course the rarest kind of unselfishness.

Yet one would not care to benefit humanity unless one loved it in a certain way, so this too is a rare and glorified form of self-gratification.

Do I mean by all this to decry generosity and put him who practices it on the same plane with the man who thinks only of himself? Far from it. We were just amusing ourselves by examining that tangled skein of human motives which somehow weaves itself into human destinies. It does not make a thing wrong that you enjoy it, and generosity is no less generous and beautiful because we get pleasure out of it.

To be able to love humanity in this way is a still higher form. This is what we mean when we describe a man by that word which, to my thinking, is the highest title of praise in the English language—an altruist.

Heart and Home Problems

Dear Mrs. Thompson: (1) I am a young man twenty-four years old, am tall and erect and have dark hair and blue eyes.

I would like very much to keep company with some young lady. I am very bashful. What should a young man do to win a girl's favor? She must be a very nice girl, good looking, and she must stand well in society. She must also be able to play and sing and about all, taking on a good housekeeper. Do you think I am too particular?

(2) Do you think a young man of my age ought to get married?

RANDOLPH: (1) I think, young man, that you haven't fallen in love with any girl yet. If you had, you wouldn't care whether she could play and sing or not and you would be willing to trust to luck concerning her housekeeping. To win a girl's favor you have got to be mighty nice to her. Be courteous, considerate of her feelings and her strength. Show that you are strong, kind-hearted and are willing to take responsibility. If you know your heart that you are worthy of a good wife you will not be bashful in the company of nice girls.

(2) You are old enough to marry.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: (1) We are sisters eighteen and twenty-nine. Is Marie (the younger) old enough to get married? If the right fellow asks her? She is pretty and popular, but has never had a proposal. How shall she go about it to get one?

(2) Lucy had a lover at one time, but they quarreled and each married someone else. Both of their companions have been dead the last three or four years. Would it be right for her to smile upon him, as he has been attending the same social gatherings as she the last few months?

(3) He has two small children. Do you think any woman can be a good stepmother if she tries?

MARIE AND LUCY.

Household Hint

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

In dusting, wipe the dust off; do not flick it.

Linen is a fabric which can be easily dyed at home.

Try dissolving the custard for lemon pies with grated potato instead of cornstarch.

Fasten a rubber tube a yard long to your bathroom faucet if you would have a noiseless bath.

THE TABLE.

Vinegar Pie—One egg, one heaping tablespoonful of flour, one teaspoonful of sugar, one cupful of cold water, one tablespoonful of vinegar, and a pinch of salt. Beat the egg, add the sugar and the flour, beating hard; then add the other ingredients and bake in an open crust.

Peanut Brittle—Boil together a cupful each of molasses and brown sugar, a tablespoonful of vinegar and two tablespoonfuls of butter. When a little dropped into cold water is brittle, add a cupful of blanched almonds; remove at once from the fire. Add a spoonful of baking soda, beat hard and pour into buttered pans.

Arrowroot Blanc Manger—Put half a pint of milk into a double boiler, and when it reaches the scolding point stir into it three heaping teaspoonfuls of arrowroot which have been dissolved in a gill of cold water. Stir thick until and smooth; remove from the fire, flavor with a half teaspoonful of vanilla and pour into a bowl to cool. Set in the ice box until needed. Serve with powdered sugar and cream.

Peach Sponge—Soak a half box of gelatine for two hours. Scalding, slice a dozen peaches, add to them a cupful and a half of sugar and a half cupful of water, and stew until the fruit is broken to pieces. Now stir in the soaked gelatine. When these are dissolved run the mixture through a sieve, add a tablespoonful of lemon juice, and when the mixture is

cool and beginning to thicken whip in the stiffened whites of four eggs. Beat steadily for fifteen minutes and turn into a mold to form. Serve very cold with whipped cream.

Coffee Junk—Take a rennet tablet in a tablespoonful of water, into a pint and a half of milk stir a gill of very strong black coffee, liberally sweetened. Add the dissolved rennet and turn into a glass bowl. Leave in a cool room with the bowl set on the ice immediately. Serve with sweetened whipped cream.

Banana Charlotte—In a double boiler heat a cupful of cream, to which you have added a pinch of soda. Sweeten slightly and thicken with a heaping teaspoonful of cornstarch dissolved in a gill of cold milk. Keep warm over hot water—stirring occasionally to prevent lumping—while you nearly fill a bowl with alternate layers of sliced bananas and very thin slices of sponge cake—the latter moistened with a gill of milk. When the bowl is three-quarters full pour over the contents the thickened cream and set aside to get very cold. Fill the bowl with sweetened whipped cream, heap it high and serve.

Blackberry Jam—Weigh the berries, cook them in their own juice until thoroughly heated, then press through a sieve to remove the seeds. Return the pulp to the fire with one-half the amount of sugar as pulp, and boil rapidly for twenty-five minutes, stirring constantly.

Sandwiches—The bread for these should be fresh and should be wrapped for several hours in a wet lemon juice, and when the mixture is

then with a dry cloth outside of this. Cut off the crust, cut in thin slices and spread with any preferred paste. These are served at both receptions and with the salad at dinner, and may be nothing more than plain bread and butter sandwiches. They may be fastened with either a toothpick or a narrow ribbon, but some vegetable fiber is best.

Use Magazine Stories.

An invalid or aged person who enjoys magazine articles sometimes finds the magazines, with their bulk of advertising, hard to handle. If the magazines are taken apart by removing the little wire clips that bind the sections together, the stories or articles can be easily handled separately. And any article specially likely to be enjoyed by a friend at a distance can be sent by mail when separated in this way.

The Kitchen Cabinet

The worlds in which we live are two. The world I AM and the world I DO.

The worlds in which we live at heart are one. The world I AM, the fruit I HAVE.

And underneath these worlds of flower and fruit, The world I LOVE, the only living root.—Henry van Dyke.

SANDWICHES OF TOAST.

There is any number of the most appetizing sandwiches which are made with toasted bread, and they afford a change from the everyday kind.

Common good-flavored cheese chopped or grated fine, mixed with seasonings and cream, spread on bread and toasted after the sandwich is put together, turning so that both sides are browned.

The heat melts the cheese and makes a most tasty sandwich.

Egg Sandwich.—Chop a hard cooked egg, add a tablespoonful of soft butter, a quarter of a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce, salt and paprika to taste. Spread on freshly made and buttered toast. One egg will make six for two sandwiches.

Sardine Sandwiches.—Scrape the skin from a box of sardines, split, remove the bones and tail and put into a bowl with lemon juice, let stand an hour, drain and mash, spread on buttered toast with lettuce leaves.

Baked Bean Sandwich.—Mash two tablespoonfuls of baked beans, mix with chopped sour pickle, season with salt, pepper and spread on buttered toast.

Sausage Sandwich.—Fry a small sausage, break into small bits and spread with chopped celery with a dash of paprika on toast with fresh lettuce between the sandwich.

Bacon and Egg Sandwich.—Fry a piece of bacon and an egg. Break the bacon into bits and spread with the egg whole on toast between lettuce leaves, with crisp celery.

Hot Fried Sandwich.—This is a sandwich well liked but must be eaten by one with a good digestion. Prepare a seasoned cheese filling for the sandwiches, cut bread in rounds, spread with butter then with the cheese mixture and put the sandwich into a hot frying pan with a little butter. Brown on both sides and serve with lettuce salad.

Nellie Maxwell

WHY DINING CAR CHEFS PREFER KC BAKING POWDER

Those who have had cakes ruined by jarring the stove, slamming the oven door or a heavy footstep, may have wondered how the dining car chef can turn out such marvelous biscuits, hot breads and pastry when his oven is being incessantly jarred and jolted and shaken by the motion of the train.

To get pastry to raise and stay raised under these conditions, a baking powder must be used that continues to give off its leavening gas—that sustains the raise—until the dough is baked through.

Dining Car Chefs have found a baking powder exactly suited to their needs in K C and you will find it just as well suited to your requirements. K C is really a blend of two baking powders, one active as soon as moistened, the other requiring both moisture and heat to start the generation of leavening gas. No matter how moist and rich you make your cake, K C Baking Powder will sustain the raise until a crust is formed and all danger of falling is past.

K C Baking Powder is pure and healthful. It is guaranteed under all pure food laws, and is guaranteed to please you. And it is sold at a reasonable price—no baking powder should sell for more.

Try a can at our risk and be convinced.

K C BAKING POWDER

25

WHY DINING CAR CHEFS PREFER KC BAKING POWDER

Those who have had cakes ruined by jarring the stove, slamming the oven door or a heavy footstep, may have wondered how the dining car chef can turn out such marvelous biscuits, hot breads and pastry when his oven is being incessantly jarred and jolted and shaken by the motion of the train.

To get pastry to raise and stay raised under these conditions, a baking powder must be used that continues to give off its leavening gas—that sustains the raise—until the dough is baked through.

Dining Car Chefs have found a baking powder exactly suited to their needs in K C and you will find it just as well suited to your requirements. K C is really a blend of two baking powders, one active as soon as moistened, the other requiring both moisture and heat to start the generation of leavening gas. No matter how moist and rich you make your cake, K C Baking Powder will sustain the raise until a crust is formed and all danger of falling is past.

K C Baking Powder is pure and healthful. It is guaranteed under all pure food laws, and is guaranteed to please you. And it is sold at a reasonable price—no baking powder should sell for more.

Try a can at our risk and be convinced.

K C BAKING POWDER

25

WHY DINING CAR CHEFS PREFER KC BAKING POWDER

Those who have had cakes ruined by jarring the stove, slamming the oven door or a heavy footstep, may have wondered how the dining car chef can turn out such marvelous biscuits, hot breads and pastry when his oven is being incessantly jarred and jolted and shaken by the motion of the train.

Peggy & Company

WHENEVER Peggy's whole soul becomes unwrapped in a new notion she is sure to have mother's entire approval. So it is in the present case of her choir work. That she should engage herself in so thoroughly commendable a pursuit has elicited from mother several expressions of gratification.

At a time such as the present, when Peggy's ebullience is at the highest pitch over a new interest, mother is never able to suppress a vague distrust. She feels it not unlikely that by next Monday morning Peggy will have forgotten choir singing and will be absorbed in foreign missions or Greek dancing. Mother has seen Peggy in similar settings before.

Peggy has been at choir practice this evening, rehearsing a duet with the tenor for next Sunday's service. It seems to Peggy that the morning's pleasant singing a duet with a tenor and especially with such a tenor as Mr. Deland. It has been said of Mr. Deland that his voice has unusual feeling, and, upon being told, he made a punter has elicited from her even greater feeling ever since. Mr. Deland told Peggy that her glides, but in truth he waddles.

Every Day Talks To Every Day People

(BY FRANCES JOYCE KENNEDY.)

The blazing August sun threw its white glare across a sand quarry just outside a little town not ten miles from the city. The men working in this quarry were mostly men who had left their youth behind them; men who had, all their lives, toiled with their hands in just such a monotonous task as the one they were now engaged in. We are going to hold up one man to your gaze, and you can best answer the question: "Do you believe this ever happened?"

Farrell Deane had passed since his school days had been a common hand with a tenor and especially with such a tenor as Mr. Deland. It has been said of Mr. Deland that his voice has unusual feeling, and, upon being told, he made a punter has elicited from her even greater feeling ever since. Mr. Deland told Peggy that her glides, but in truth he waddles.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

When Man Made a Mistake. According to a German biologist, man made a mistake when, centuries ago, he changed himself from a quadruped to a biped, the contention being that many present day ills are due to carrying the spine in an upright position when it was intended to be carried horizontally.

Why the Clothes Were Rusty

BY MISS ANNABEL TAYLOR,

Instructor in Home Economics, University of Wisconsin Extension Division

There were tiny rust spots on the of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is an iron compound which is decomposed alkali, yielding iron rust. If the clothes are not carefully rinsed until free from all soap and other alkali used in washing, contact with the bluing will result in tiny rust spots on the clothes.

Here is a test for the presence of iron in bluing. Prepare about a teaspoon of a strong solution of the bluing you wish to test. Add an equal amount of ordinary household ammonia and allow to stand from 15 to 30 minutes. A reddish brown precipitate shows the presence of iron.

The objectionable results of Prussian blue may be overcome by the use of an acid rinse to neutralize the alkali. How they came there was a mystery. Every-thing was suspected and examined but the bluing.

And in the bluing lay the fault. Most of the bluing in the market today come from Prussian blue. It is very cheap, gives a good color, and is readily soluble, but it is

FAIR GROUNDS ARE OFFERED TO STATE

NINETY THOUSAND DOLLAR FIRE IN MILWAUKEE MAY DELAY STATE FAIR.

PUTNAM MAKES OFFER

Offering State Agricultural Society Use of Janesville Park Association Tract for Annual Exhibit.

Sunday afternoon a fire which caused a loss of ninety thousand dollars and destroyed a dozen buildings at the State Fair Park at West Allis, Milwaukee, occurred in a mysterious manner. So complete was the destruction of the buildings, including the old part of the grand stand, that it is possible no fair can be held on the grounds this year.

The grounds this year. The thought Secretary Charles Putnam of the Park Association of this city, immediately wired President of the State Agricultural Society and Secretary J. C. McKenzies of the same organization offering the state grounds, tracks and buildings for the holding of this year's fair.

The blaze started mysteriously under the wooden grand stand and rapidly spread to other buildings, destroying the county agricultural, horticultural, college of agriculture, art building, main bandstand, old bandstand, poultry building, woman's building and farmers' dining room and other structures in the immediate vicinity.

Whether the state society will accept Secretary Putnam's offer is not known, but in view of the fact that the Janesville Park Association grounds were among those visited by the legislative investigating committee seeking a state fair site, it is probable it will be given consideration at this time if it is found the Milwaukee grounds can not be utilized.

The arrangement of the Janesville grounds, the new equipment which is being installed for the coming fair, being opened August 11, would all be practical for the state fair should it come here. The grand stand is far better than the old stand burned in Milwaukee in 1907. The track is in better condition than the Milwaukee one at its best. The new buildings while not as large as complete in every detail and the swine and sheep department sheds are far superior to anything in Milwaukee.

In fact the appearance at the fair grounds at present indicate that everything will be in readiness for the coming exhibit. Treasurer Amersbach has issued a call to all stock subscribers who have not paid their pledges to kindly give this matter their attention at once and remit by check or notify him as to when the collector should call. More money is needed and while a good majority of the pledges are paid many still remain to be liquidated.

Secretary Putnam is busy with the entries for the speed department and expects that more entries have been received this year than ever before. The full list will be ready in a day or two and some of the best horses in this section of the country are entered in the different events. The racing card will be an exceptional one and far better than seen on any other track in the state this summer.

PLANNING BIG ROUNDHOUSE ON ST. PAUL AT BELOIT

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

Beloit, Wis., August 3.—For several weeks the plan of building a new roundhouse for the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad in this city has been considered by the officials of the road. One of the proposed locations for the new big roundhouse is in the sandpit owned by the road south of the fair grounds and the other location which has been investigated is on the railroad line not far from Mechanics Green park.

R. M. Telfer, agent for the road, said this morning that the road officials have been considering the erection of a large roundhouse for some time, but that as yet no definite plans for the building had been completed. Mr. Telfer said that one thing which had caused the delay in the erection of the building is the activity of the company in shipping sand and gravel from Beloit to points on the railroad in the vicinity of Omaha.

tion of a large roundhouse for some time, but that as yet no definite plans for the building had been completed. Mr. Telfer said that one thing which had caused the delay in the erection of the building is the activity of the company in shipping sand and gravel from Beloit to points on the railroad in the vicinity of Omaha.

USE COMMON SENSE IN VACATION TIME

This is Advice Urged By Father Mahoney in Sunday Morning Address at St. Patrick's.

Deviating from his practice of preaching from the gospel of the day, Father Mahoney of St. Patrick's church on Sunday gave a very applicable talk on "Vacations—Their Uses and Abuses." At times the word pictures held up before his audience were so eloquently depicting, as he made a strong appeal for the use of common sense in the months when we need this virtue most and are most apt to allow it to fall into disuse. The talk, proving that our ministers of today have their hand upon the pulse of the pleasure-loving, as well as the more serious minded public, was concisely given, and listened to by a large and appreciative audience.

BLANCHE SWEENEY TO BECOME FALL BRIDE

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Sweeney, Formerly of This City, Will Wed Chicago Man.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Sweeney, formerly of this city, and now of Chicago, announce the engagement of their daughter, Blanche Sweeney, to George H. Foster of Chicago, the marriage to take place during the coming fall.

Miss Sweeney has many friends and acquaintances in this city, as she made her home here for many years previous to her moving to the Windy City.

ILLINOIS TODAY HONORS MEMORY OF GEN. LOGAN ERECTING MONUMENT

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

Murphysboro, Ill., August 3.—General John A. Logan, next to General U. S. Grant, the most illustrious war hero Illinois ever produced, was honored here today with the erection of a handsome stone shaft at his birthplace, and the formation of a memorial association to secure state and federal appropriations for erecting a monument and a memorial hall on the same spot at a later date. General James Black, of Chicago, a war comrade of General Logan, was made president of the Memorial Association, and men of national prominence from all sections of the United States sent in their names to be enrolled as subscribers and members.

Addresses were delivered today by United States Senators, Elihu D. Lewis and L. Y. Sherman, Governor Duane, of Illinois, former Speaker in Congress Joseph G. Cannon of Danville, Ill. Brief remarks were made by Mrs. Mary Logan, widow of the famous hero, and by George Washington D. C. Several New York artists have offered to design the monument. The memorial hall will be made the receptacle of records, uniforms and other war relics.

SUPREME LODGE OF KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEET AT WINNEPEG

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE]

Winnepeg, Canada, August 2.—Five thousand visitors are in the city today to attend the supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias which will be in session here for the next two weeks. The visitors arrived yesterday, last night and this morning. This is the first time in 28 years that this great order has selected a Canadian city in which to hold the meeting of the supreme lodge. Streets are festooned with electric lights and bunting. Flags of both nations are flying on all the principal buildings.

If you are looking for help of any kind, read the Want Ads.

Don't Complain of Heat Here; Think of New York Poor People

New York, August 3.—A street full of frowly bedraggled men and women, of countless babies and limbs and bodies uncovered, shivering in the faint slants of moonlight that penetrate down through a fetid stinking atmosphere, of mothers cramped on curbsides, on boxes, or in doorways like selected Magdalenas, of red-faced or white faced men their heads bowed thrown back as with sleepless eyes they plead for the breeze that seldom comes.

The East side on a hot summer's night. You may have seen it. If you have, you probably went home with contentment in your heart for your own lot, no matter how mean a lot it was. Every citizen of the United States ought to see this great East Side. He'll appreciate the more why the Mafia exists, why there are bomb throwers, and why with misery comes crime.

A hot night means lives lost on the East Side. It is incomprehensible why East Side babies live anyway. They can't sleep indoors these hot nights. Their mothers take them out to the sidewalks. They are bedded in the mother's arms, on two chairs, in a box—anywhere. The street is alive with them. A mother, clad above the waist in a single garment, that leaves her arms and bare from the shoulder calmly nurses her youngster in the flickering gaslight. A four year old boy, cherubic despite his dirty face and hands, plays happily clad as an old man in a shirt.

The men, most of them worn by manual labor or long hours in dingy stores, lie prostrate on the sidewalks, in the doorways, or else pillow their heads and bodies on bedding on the fire escapes. A pushcart is pushed slowly through this city of the dreadful night—silently that the sleepers may not be disturbed, but with an eye for business. For it seems that the East Side always gets a pushcart. A pushcart is pushed for queer foreign sausages, or for sticky fruits, or deft germs in a sweetish sticky lemonade. A few of the men of the corner family saloon and quaff huge goblets of beer. All is very quiet, considering that there are hundreds on the street. In the

Today's Edgerton News

Edgerton, Aug. 3.—Helen Smith was very pleasantly surprised yesterday afternoon by two of her little friends in honor of her twelfth birthday. The time was passed in playing games, after which refreshments were served. Helen was present with a present, which to remember the happy occasion.

Miss Bennett felt, acting as champion, went to Lake Waubesa this morning for a two weeks vacation. Misses Marion Doty, Myrleen Esselstyn, Clara Thompson, Ruby Berry, Leona Berry and Lulu Scholl. They will be followed in a few days by the famous Edgerton team of Washington, D. C. Several New York artists have offered to design the monument. The memorial hall will be made the receptacle of records, uniforms and other war relics.

Miss Mildred Croft, who has been visiting relatives in Chicago for the past six weeks, returned home last evening.

Miss Mae Scheinacker returned to her home in Madison yesterday afternoon after a visit to the home of Dr. and Mrs. B. Cleary.

Mr. and Mrs. William Barrett and family spent yesterday in Janesville. Walter Dool of Prairie du Sac, is visiting here. Elizabeth Cunningham of Madison, is spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Cunningham.

Henry Johnson is spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Bungard and sons of Hebron, passed through this city on their way to the Wisconsin Delta.

Jim Kula, from Minnesota, is here on an extended visit among friends.

Mrs. A. F. Dickinson of Winnepeg, is spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wessendone for a few weeks.

A. T. Earle, F. W. Jensen and Henry Morrison spent today in Madison. Mrs. William Stewart and daughter, Eleanor, were Janesville callers today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Culton, daughters, Lucile and Kathleen, and son, Charles, called on Mrs. Will Merler from Shreveport, La., went to Lake Kegonsa today to remain two weeks.

Edward McDonough, who has been spending the past week in Chicago with relatives, returned home yesterday.

The trotters and pacers for the big A and B picnic have begun to arrive. It looks as though there would be many horses here.

Mrs. C. E. Shannon and Miss Iva Saunders spent today in Janesville. Miss Clara Jean went to Brodhead today to visit friends over Sunday.

Miss Mary Madden spent today in Janesville.

Miss Louise Brunner of Madison, came yesterday to spend the week end with Miss Mae Spencer.

Mrs. William McIntosh and son, Charles, spent Friday in Janesville.

MILTON JUNCTION

Milton Junction, Aug. 1.—Miss Doris Butts entertained the members of the B. G. Club Friday evening at a six o'clock dinner.

The Misses Morris are entertaining the Misses Nellie Morris, Josephine McCarthy and Jess Dudley of Janesville over the week end.

Miss Eva Crandall is enjoying a two weeks' vacation from her duties at the Ed Emerson store.

Miss Winnie McRae left tonight for a month's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McRae.

Miss Emma Driver was a Janesville shopper today.

Leon Burdick took Mrs. McCubbin and the Misses Alice Kelly and Hazel Drivins to Lake Kegonsa yesterday, where they were guests at the S. C. Chambers cottage.

The Epworth league have a tennis court in the yard back of the church.

BROOKLYN

Brooklyn, Wis., Aug. 2.—Miss Maude Yarwood of Beloit spent several days the first of the week with friends in town.

Mrs. Burns Smith has gone to Seattle, Washington, to visit her sister, who is very ill.

Mrs. E. E. Every and little son have returned from a visit at San Francisco.

Miss Ruth Hersey returned Friday from Sioux Falls, South Dakota, where she has been studying music.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hook were in Oregon Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hook.

H. J. Ellis has been spending several days this week in Detroit, Michigan.

shadow of a stoop a mere girl and a boy will be wailing in full sight of all neighbors. They marry young on the East Side. There is scant chance for quiet tete-a-tetes.

It is midnight, but the groups on the streets are unchanged. An occasional wagon rattles along, the driver cautiously wending his way. The tired women grouped over their babies, muttering terms of endearment in a babel of foreign tongues, do not look up. The little grocery store closes up—that is its lights go out, but the proprietor, his breast bared lies in the doorway seeking sleep.

Some wretched children roll a milk can along the street. Its clanging echoes rouse a hundred sleepers and there is a momentary outburst of foreign oaths and a whimpering of the children over their punishment. Then quiet again. Every where is the stinking breath of the steamy streets, littered with paper and rubbish of every description.

The high class wearily on the sleepers occasionally awaken, talk wearily, stretch their cramped limbs, and seek repose again. In one doorway five children lay all but naked, and curled together in a mass of legs and arms. The street lamp shedding a radiance into their eyes. But they sleep just the same. The saloons close. Nearly all lights are out—not only because lamps and gas are not, but also because their burning costs money.

A sightseeing automobile rounds the corner, the gears grinding. Men and women of another world chatter and point out the "slights" and defects of the city. The women, dressed in the latest fashions, and the slatternly men, for the most part they laugh and joke about the babies' nakedness and the women complain about the smells. The East Side tolerates them. There is no place else to go but the streets and "rubber neck wagons" are part of the night. They return their curious stares with curious ones, if they are awake. If not, they sleep on.

One o'clock comes—two o'clock, dingy streets. A faint light over the drawn faces of the East Side. They awaken. Another day has come. And another night will come later.

P. T. Peterson of Aurora, Illinois, has been a guest at the Nels Peterson home.

Mrs. Fannie Amidon was a Janesville visitor Thursday.

Mrs. C. S. De Jean is visiting relatives and friends in Oregon.

Mrs. S. S. Snyder and grandson, Paul Roberts, were passengers to Janesville Thursday.

Michael Kelly and daughters, Miss Eva Kelley of Woodstock, Illinois, and Mrs. Peterson of Mendota, were guests of friends in town Thursday.

Talks On Education

By H. L. Miller, Assistant Professor of Education, University of Wisconsin and Principal Wisconsin High School.

During the past five years the growth of the high schools has been remarkable. The opportunity of attending a high school is being rapidly extended to all parts of the commonwealth. The significance of an institution which undertakes to provide education for all youth 14 to 18 years of age cannot be overestimated. In our American life it is literally true that the high school is our one common distinctive institutional highway over which society is urging more and more our boys and girls to travel.

The high school is the time when "life-career" motives are being formed, when vocational interests are being organized, when preparation for active participation in the affairs of life is being made. The public high school seeks to organize many processes by which pupils may discover and develop their powers.

Many who are thinking deeply on educational matters have concluded that the dominant purpose of the public schools shall be the impartation of common knowledge and the creation of common sentiment, whereby ideas of national unity and of social cooperation and reciprocal regard of each for others may be effectively worked into the warp and woof of our democratic society. There is another clear aim emerging in the minds of educators. It is the belief that the high school shall undertake the task of assisting boys and girls in the selection of those subjects and activities that will best meet not only social but individual needs. However varied and varied the needs of the school, our schools supported by public funds shall endeavor to make people useful.

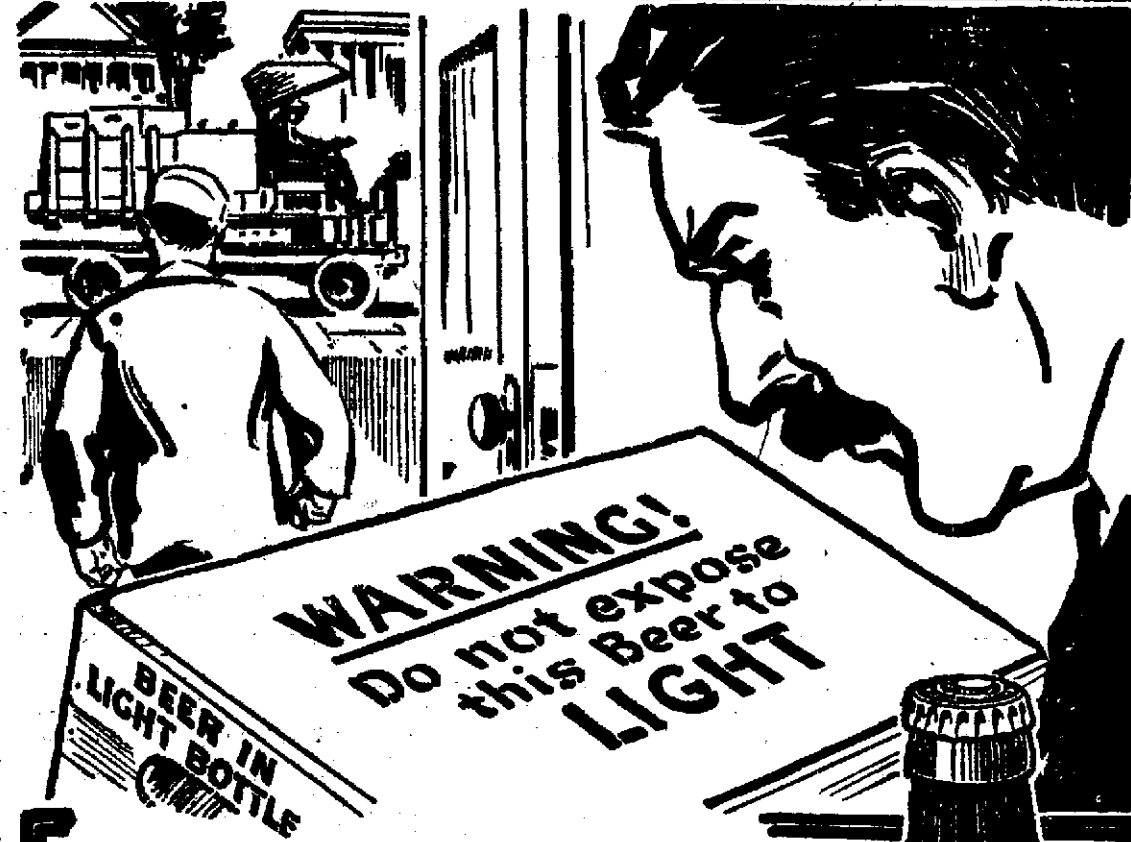
Upon examination of high school records in our community, and especially in our large high schools, it is interesting to find out who goes to school. The striking fact is, everybody goes. That is to say, no class is so small that it is not represented in the schools. The pupils are drawn from all stations and conditions of life. The name of Dmitri Balabanoff occurs along with our Bill Jones and Terry Smith. They read the same history, their science, and their English under similar conditions. All work side by side in the manual training rooms, all attend together the classes in civics, prizes of the school. And one sure sign of the success and effectiveness of our schools lies in the growing resemblance between what is known as "school apathy" and the attitude of the school as a definite expression of democracy at its highest and best.

The high school is the people's school. The privilege of attending entails the obligation of a return service to society.

How best to provide opportunities for high school education in the sparsely populated portions of the state, in rural districts and in small villages and towns is one of our most pressing problems. Obviously it is uneconomical to operate a high school for classes of less than ten. Some co-operative plans are being suggested, that pupils in so far as practical, shall be at home during the earlier years of the high school, and not be required to go such distances in the upper grades, and that the school shall be impractical to be at home on Saturdays and Sundays. The regional high school idea seems to be the best possible unit. This type of school would be conveniently united in a centralized school. The township or county unit has not been feasible on account of the difficulties in conveying the pupils to the school, and the people of the political unit. The regional high school allows wide flexibility and is therefore capable of adapting itself to the social, economic and social and community needs.

Next week Professor O'Shea will have a highly interesting article on "How Parents can Help Children in their Studies."

Property changes hands daily because it has been advertised in the real estate column of Gazette Want Ads.



Why Take the Risk

of your beer becoming impure?

You are not asked to take a similar risk with other kinds of food.

And yet, every time you buy beer in a light bottle you must assume the burden of keeping it away from light to avoid that skunky taste.

Get Schlitz Brown Bottle, and you get beer that is kept pure from the brewery to your glass.

See that Crown is branded "Schlitz."

Telephones: Old Phone 222 (New Phone Red 125)
Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co.
614 Wall Street
Janesville, Wis.

Schlitz

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

ALBION

Albion, Aug. 2.—John L. Hough died Friday morning, leaving a wife and six children; the oldest is eighteen years and the youngest three. Mr. Hough was afflicted with a peculiar malady that turned his cuticle a dark color and made him a person of notice wherever he appeared. Numerous physicians have been called to treat him, but none could produce a remedy. The trouble began three years ago, but the serious sickness lasted but a week and a half. He was 62 years of age. He was born in Thelma, Mo., and was a citizen of the United States thirty years. H. H. Larsen and N. H. Larsen are among the brothers who survive, one brother living in Minnesota, and a sister, Mrs. Lars Bakker, in Madison, and another sister, Mrs. S. S. Simonsen, in Minnesota. The funeral services took place at the home Tuesday, Rev. J. A. O. Stub officiating, and interment was made in the Lutheran cemetery in Stoughton. The wife recently returned home from five weeks' treatment at the hospital.

Mrs. Adolph Lund of Milwaukee is visiting with her father, C. Keuterkold, this week.

Herbert Babcock is visiting at Oscar Gunderson's, at Leyden, a few days this week.

Mrs. W. F. Hayes has returned to her home in Chicago after spending a few days with friends and relatives here.

Rollin Maves of Edgerton, who has been staying at the Stark home for some time, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Eckland and family are entertaining company from Woodstock, Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenyon Coon, who have been visiting his parents, returned to their home in Chicago Tuesday.

Harry Lawton, who has been ill at Waterloo, came home Monday for his vacation.

Theo. Ringen, E. Palmer, E. A. Drake, H. Stewart, D. F. Babcock, John Bliven, O. L. Coon, O. Storkstad, A. C. Burdick attended the railway commissioners' meeting in Madison Monday.

Henry Hellickson of Stoughton is visiting with Mrs. Christian Ostadi and family.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Head of Madison are visiting here with friends and relatives.

Frank Cook and daughter of Milton are visiting with Mrs. Floyd Cook and family this week.

A farewell surprise party was given by the people of Albion one evening last week in the chapel hall for Mrs. Theo. Ringen, who expect to move to Stevens Point this week.

Pastor Tordon of Milton called on friends here one day last week.

Tobacco harvest will soon be here. A good many growers have commenced topping this week. The crop is sound and of a good growth, and bids fair to be a banner crop this year.

Miss Flora Jensen is visiting with friends and relatives in Stoughton this week.

ORFORDVILLE

Orfordville, Aug. 2.—A. H. Smiley, who has been making his home with his sister, Mrs. John Beck, since leaving the hospital some months ago, went to Beloit on Friday and will spend some time with his brother there.

Byron Grenawalt went to Beloit on Friday to assist Mrs. Grenawalt's brother in moving his household goods to Brodhead, where he will make his home in the future.

F. P. Smiley and wife of Janesville and Mr. and Mrs. John Beck, motor to Orfordville on Saturday and spent Sunday with Merwin Beck, who is employed in the bank of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Ames are enjoying a visit from Mr. Ames' father, of Monroe.

Mrs. C. S. Dunn, who has been spending the past few weeks in Chicago, returned home on Friday evening. She was accompanied home by J. M. Cleveland, who has been visiting with his daughter there.

Dr. J. W. Keithley of Beloit was in the village for a short time on Saturday morning on professional business.

The corner blacksmith shop owned, and for many years operated by I. H. Sater has been sold and will be transferred into a garage. O. J. Butters, and John C. Egan are the purchasers.

Mr. Emmet Grenawalt of Stoughton is spending some time in this vicinity, visiting relatives and friends. She is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Taylor.

A subscription is being circulated among the business firms of the village for the purpose of raising funds for the improvement of a piece of highway on the town line between Avon and Newark, south of the O. P. Gardner residence. It is thought that a large amount of farm trade from that section will be brought to Orfordville by providing a good road.

Dr. Forbush and wife are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy that came to gladden their home and their hearts on Friday night. Mother and son are both reported doing nicely and are receiving the congratulations of friends.

F. E. Purdy has been spending the past week at the parks in Brodhead, assisting in making some needed repairs there.

The dance that was held at the opera house on Friday night was not largely attended. Those who were there, however, report an excellent time.

Mrs. Bucher of Fond du Lac arrived in the village on Saturday morning and will spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Forbush.

Burton Hellickson of Idaho is visiting friends in Orfordville and renewing old acquaintances. This is his first visit to his native town for nine years.

At the regular meeting of the village board on Friday night a proposition for the installing of an electric light plant was presented that seemed to meet the approval of all present. The board adjourned for one week to get a clearer sentiment of the possibilities of the project.

D. E. Rogister and wife of Chicago, came.

arrived in the village and will spend some time here visiting with relatives and friends.

W. F. Gavey, village marshal, headed in his station, the village board on Friday evening. What action the board will take has not been announced.

Evelyn Dunn, who has been taking a two weeks' vacation, returned to her position at the switchboard of the telephone office on Monday morning.

On Saturday afternoon as Gilbert Clemenson and Gilman Nelson were delivering ice, when near the east end of the village the pole of the wagon dropped down and the horses commenced to run. Nelson, fearing for his personal safety, jumped, with the result that one of his ankles was badly sprained. The team brought up against a telephone pole without doing serious damage.

George Pankhurst and family took a day off and went to Fulton on Saturday and spent the day fishing. No official record of the catch has been made.

BRODHEAD

Brodhead, Attorney Frank Jenks is in Waukesha on legal business.

Rev. Varney Jacobs of Rutland, Ill., is spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Llewellyn Fleck.

Mr. and Mrs. Houser have leased Will Hall's residence near the M. E. church and will move into it in the near future.

Misses Mildred and Gertrude Burros of Rutland, Ill., have been guests this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Llewellyn Fleck. Miss Gertrude returned home Friday.

The first annual Searles school picnic occurred at the school house in Sylvester township, Thursday. There were 208 present.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Schwartz and youngest son went to Madison, Friday, to remain until Monday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bridge.

C. M. Warner spent Friday in Janesville.

Roy A. Miles on Thursday purchased of R. A. Baxter and company the Brodhead bakery.

Clifford Breese was a passenger to Darlington Friday for a few days' visit with friends.

Mrs. S. E. Cutler and little daughter spent Friday in Albany with the lady's brother, Edward Gibbon.

Miss Jessie Thompson goes to Delavan on Monday to join a camping party for a few days.

Mrs. Andy Sennett was a passenger to Janesville Friday.

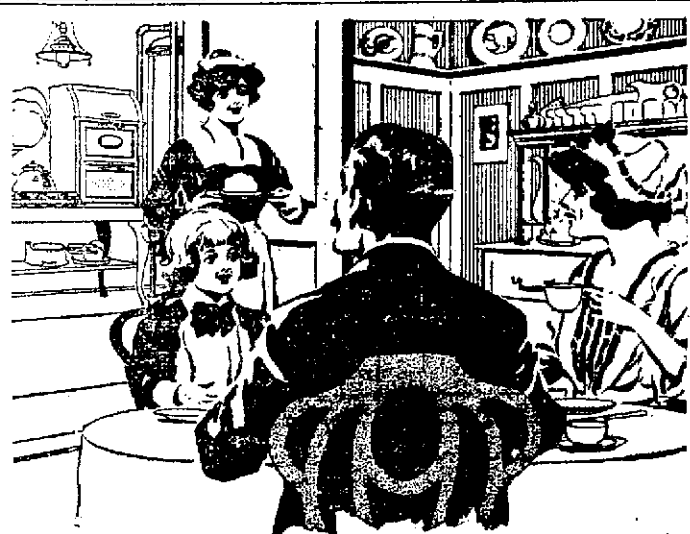
George Egars, Merritt McKuloh, Fred Waterman and Wm. Schweitzer of Chicago are camping at Riverside.

Mrs. Sarah Straw went to Beloit Friday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Bert Brown.

Miss Lotie Kildow was in Janesville Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ehrler were passengers to Beloit Friday for a few days' stay.

Miss Clara Fessenden returned Friday from Plattville, where she went to visit her niece, Miss Trella Holcomb.



Right To Your Table

comes the reflected contentment from the All-Gas Kitchen.

The meal has been cooked in a sanitary Gas Range—it is appetizing, wholesome—the maid is interested—you are pleased—and your pocket-book is congratulating itself.

Every consideration raises its voice in favor of the All-Gas Kitchen—then why ignore your interests by failing to have one?

New Special Cabinet Gas Ranges, \$26 and Up: Easy Terms.

Other Gas Ranges \$15 and Up.

Call at the gas office, or ask us to send a representative.

New Gas Light Company of Janesville



ish Cloth, but without the portrait
amous singers
c extra for postage and packing.
y book with a soul! 400 of the song-treasures
orld in one volume of 500 pages. Chosen by
te the book. Every song a gem of melody.

"HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 480 of the song-t
of the world in one volume of 500 pages. C
music lovers. Four years to complete the book. Every song a gem of

period for several years. Suffered from nervousness and a great deal of pain at certain times. Have taken several different medicines but found your Little Encapsator has given me the most relief of anything I have ever tried. Am very much better than I have been in some time. I gladly recommend this remedy to any woman in need of a tonic." **Write Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.**

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets
regulate stomach, liver, bowels

**In Girlhood
Womanhood
Motherhood**

"HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 400 of the song-treasures of the world in one volume of 500 pages. Chosen by a committee of experts.

War News As It Appeared In The Gazette's Extra Issued On Sunday

Germany declares war upon France and begins invasion of French Territory.

Declaration of war upon Russia made Saturday night brings about fighting along Russian frontier.

England Calls out all its reservist in the naval branch and prepares to meet German fleet in the North Sea.

English vessels captured by German fleet and held as prisoners of war.

Switzerland calls all Swiss in United States to return to their country to aid in its defense.

All trains in Europe taken over by various governments to be used in moving troops.

GERMAN FLEET READY FOR BATTLE.

Copenhagen, Aug. 2.—A prominent Dane who has just returned from the Kiel canal announces that all but twelve of the German fleet have steamed out into the North Sea evidently seeking the Russian or English fleet. The vessels left behind are antiquated and dilapidated and unfit for actual service. The destination of the German fleet is not known but it is known the Russian and English fleets are in the immediate vicinity and a naval engagement is expected at any time.

Brussels, Belgium, Aug. 2.—A Reuter dispatch announces that advises from Berlin announces that war has officially been declared between Germany and France and that German troops are being rushed to the frontier as fast as possible.

IN NEUTRAL TERRITORY

Later dispatches show that the German forces have taken over the railroads and their equipment in Luxemburg, a neutral territory by the treaty of 1867 and have begun the actual invasion of France, directing their mobilization of troops towards Metz.

TWENTY THOUSAND

Twenty Thousand German troops are known to be in the vicinity of Nancy ready to cross the line into France at a moment's notice and it is expected a battle will be fought on French soil today. The first in the struggle between France and Germany.

MANY REFUGEES.

The city is crowded with refugees from the continent and late arrivals that the greatest activity is being shown in Paris and other cities for foreigners, mostly Americans to reach the sea coast in hopes of reaching England. Many are without funds, their letters of credit being refused and the greatest anxiety is felt for all foreigners in Germany, France and Russia.

NO RACE

In the midst of today's exciting news Sir Thomas Lipton announced that in view of the present war existing that he would not send his boat, the Shamrock, to compete for the America Cup at Sandy Hook this fall. It is understood all other foreign engagements for athletic contests have been cancelled.

FROM BERLIN

Berlin, Aug 2.—4 P. M.—It was officially announced here today that a Russian patrol had crossed the international border at Eicherscheid on Posen and attacked a German outpost but had been repulsed with loss. This is the first actual conflict between Russia and Germany.

DECLARATION OF WAR

London, August 2.—With Germany having officially declared war against Russia and invaded France with an armed force, a state of war exists in Europe that had not been contemplated within the past twenty-four hours. France is rushing all troops possible to the frontier to repulse the German army of invasion which is reported to be converging from the east with the general object of an attack upon Paris, if possible. Already German columns have crossed the French frontier in two places, one Cirey, forty miles from Nancy and it is reported, not confirmed, that they were repulsed by a strong French force.

OTHER ARMIES.

It is reported that the army of invasion consisted of twenty thousand picked men and the first battle of the war was fought on French soil. The other divisions are concentrating at Metz from which city they will move rapidly to the border and cross into French territory before night when a battle is expected between the contesting forces.

A second actual invasion of French territory is reported at Longwy near the Belgium frontier at which point a large force of Germans, who have crossed the frontier through the neutral territory of the Duchy of Luxemburg made attack on French troops stationed there. The result of this conflict is unknown.

SAILING EASTWARD.

Dispatches from Gibraltar this afternoon announce that the French fleet is sailing eastward, evidently to protect the eastern coast of France from any possible invasion by German vessels known to be in the vicinity. The number of vessels reported was twelve in number and they were the cream of the French navy.

CALL OUT RESERVES

All naval reserves in England were called out this afternoon at four o'clock which is taken to indicate that England is preparing its naval forces for actual warfare within a short time. Already numerous reports have been received of the capture of vessels sailing under English flags being captured by German authorities.

TAKE OVER CARGO

The steamer Saxon, sailing from Kings Lynn, loaded with coal, has been seized by the German men of war and taken to Cuxhaven. It is also reported that a steamer of the Wilson Line has been captured in the Kiel canal by the German forces.

CANADA READY

Orders were issued this afternoon by the English Admiralty to the naval reserves of Dominion of Canada to report at once for active service. This is the first time that such an order has ever been issued and is taken to mean but one thing, that England is preparing to take an actual part in the great struggle.

CALL BACK SWISS.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 2.—Official advice from the Swiss government received at the Swiss ministry here call back all Swiss to their native country to take part in the national defense. This is the first call of its kind ever issued by a foreign country to United States citizens.

CONCENTRATE FORCES

Harbin, Russia.—Dispatches from St. Petersburg received here

today call for the mobilization of the Eastern army of the Russians at once and steps are being taken to concentrate the forces as rapidly as possible.

REPULSE ATTACK.

Berlin, August 2.—Two actual invasions of German territory by Russian troops are reported. One was repulsed with slight loss the second is at Schwinden on the Russian frontier.

STILL FIGHTING.

Athens, Greece, August 2.—Dispatches from Nish announce that the bombardment of Belgrade by Austrian vessels continues and that the garrison left to defend the Serbian capital are making as gallant a defense as possible.

MEET MONDAY.

Washington, August 2.—It was announced this afternoon by Secretary McAdoo that the bankers of the large money centers of the United States would meet tomorrow, Monday, to discuss the loan of a hundred million dollars to England. The Secretary of the Navy holds this is a question for the bankers to settle among themselves in this particular time.

London, England, August 2, 3:00 p. m.—The English troops are being mobilized as fast as possible owing to the declaration of war by Germany against both Russia and France and the invasion of French territory by the German army at Nancy.

SECRET CONFERENCE.

At a conference of the English cabinet this morning it was decided, it is thought, that the time for the active participation in the continental affairs by England had arrived and orders were issued for the mobilization of all of the English army and reserves at once.

FLEET ACTIVE.

The English fleet is reported concentrated in the North Sea to prevent the German vessels from leaving their ports and also of protecting the channel steamships which are bringing hundreds of thousands of refugees from the continent as fast as they can reach the coast.

EXTRAORDINARY SCENES.

The scenes in London betoken most extraordinary times. The streets are filled with people waiting the latest news from the front and the announcement that the German forces have invaded France and that a battle has been fought on French soil has created the greatest excitement.

SHUT OFF TELEGRAPH.

Brussels, Belgium, August 2.—All telegraphic communication between Belgium and Luxemburg has been cut off since noon and the movement of the German troops through this neutral territory has been verified by dispatches which have come in from other sources.

FRENCH AVIATORS.

Berlin, August 2.—Dispatches this morning from Nuremberg announce that a French aviator began dropping bombs in the city and its immediate vicinity early this morning before the actual declaration of war was made and a protest made that it was a crime against mankind and contrary to the usage of civilized warfare.

SEIZE RAILROAD.

London, August 2.—Dispatches to the Central News early this morning announced that the German railroad running through Luxemburg, a neutral territory by the treaty of 1867, had been seized by the German forces and that army corps were being transported to the French frontier as fast as possible.

LEAVES BERLIN.

Advices received early this morning indicated that immediately following the declaration of war on France by Germany the French Ambassador, M. Jules Cambon left Berlin on a special train for the frontier with his entire diplomatic corps.

---AND HE DID

GEE DIS WATER IS COLD!
PA TOLD ME NOT TO GO
SWIMMIN' AND I WISH I
HADN'T. GUESS I'LL
SNEAK HOME AND GET
WARMED UP!



AND HE DID

THE JANESVILLE FAIR ASSOCIATION'S

FIRST ANNUAL FAIR

Under the Management of the Janesville Park Association

August 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th

A NEW FAIR WHERE EVERYTHING WILL BE BRAND NEW

SOME OF THE GOOD THINGS WILL BE: Three and four fast horse races each day. Prominent speakers will discuss the political situation. **THE DUBROOKS ARE COMING** with their full show to entertain us. The Great State Fairs of the country have engaged the Dubrooks Hippodrome of high Class Society Acts for the premier free attraction. Janesville Fair will also have this high priced attraction. The Dubrooks have a string of jumping horses with which they put on a Hurdle Jump Contest in front of the grandstand; a Reverse Race Over Hurdles; a Relay Race in Steeplechase Style. The Dubrooks will have their stable of celebrated running horses with them to start in the running events.

4 Big Days of Huge Entertainment For You

Tuesday Children's Day

Music by Moose Band.
Athletic Games and Pony Races for the Children.
Special attractions to interest the children.
Let them have lots of fun on that day. Children free.

Wednesday Monroe Day

Music by Monroe Band.
Speaking by Hon. Levi Bancroft and Hon. Emanuel Phillips on the political situation.
Free hippodrome and regular program.

Thursday Janesville Day

Music by Bower City Band.
Judge Karel orator of day.
There will be special races, free hippodrome and free program. On this day Janesville will turn out en masse.

Friday Edgerton Day

Music by Edgerton Band. Hon. James Clancy and Hon. Thos. S. Richmond speakers of the day. Special prize-winning stock parade at 12:30 in addition to regular and special features.

Special For Young America On Tuesday

100 Yard Dash for boys under 12 years: 1st prize, \$1.00; 2nd prize, 50c.
100 Yard Dash for boys under 16 years: 1st prize, \$1.00; 2nd prize, 50c.
½ Mile Bicycle Race for boys under 16 years: 1st prize, \$2.00; 2nd, \$1.00.

½ Mile Pony Race, pony to draw four-wheeled vehicle, driven by boy or girl, pony not over 52 inches high: first prize \$2; second prize, \$1.00. Entries must be made at Secretary's office not later than Tuesday at 12:00 o'clock.

COME TO THE BIG FAIR

Competition in Exhibits
Open to Everyone

The Price is Small, the Enjoyment Great
Admission 50c. Season Tickets \$1.50

Complete Premium List
Mailed on Request

JOHN C. NICHOLS, President

JANESVILLE RESIDENTS CAN
COMPETE IN EXHIBITS.

C. S. PUTNAM, Secretary